



The One Belt One Road Initiative: A New Paradigm in Global Investing

An Overview of the KraneShares MSCI One Belt One Road ETF (ticker: OBOR)

To saw in month atte and



info@kraneshares.com

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Introduction to KraneShares

About KraneShares

Krane Funds Advisors, LLC is the investment manager for KraneShares ETFs. Our suite of China focused ETFs provides investors with solutions to capture China's importance as an essential element of a well-designed investment portfolio. We strive to provide innovative, first to market strategies that have been developed based on our strong partnerships and our deep knowledge of investing. We help investors current on global market trends and aim to provide meaningful diversification. Krane Funds Advisors, LLC is majority owned by China International Capital Corporation (CICC).





Investment Strategy:



KraneShares MSCI One Belt One Road ETF

The KraneShares MSCI One Belt One Road ETF (ticker: OBOR) seeks to provide investment results that track the price and yield performance of the MSCI Global China Infrastructure Exposure Index. The Index aims to identify potential beneficiaries of the One Belt One Road (OBOR) initiative based on how their geography, revenue, and sector attributes align with the broad theme. OBOR seeks to capture the economic growth and monetize the potential upside for the companies involved in China's One Belt One Road initiative.

OBOR Initiative Facts:

- The One Belt One Road (OBOR) initiative, established by President Xi Jinping of China, is an extensive long-term infrastructure initiative modernizing the original Silk Road trading routes. The initiative has two core components:
 - Economic land belt: linking countries by land along the ancient Silk Road through Central Asia, West Asia, the Middle East, and Europe.
 - Maritime road: linking countries by sea along the Eastern coast of Africa pushing up through the Suez Canal into the Mediterranean.
- China has signed cooperation agreements with over 140 countries and international organizations¹, which, including China, represent 79% of the global population and 41% of global GDP².
- The OBOR initiative could see upwards of \$6 trillion in investment in the coming years and is poised to reshape global trade³.

OBOR ETF Highlights:

- Invests in countries who may benefit from the OBOR initiative, including: China, Russia, Singapore, Malaysia, and Israel.
- Invests in sectors of primary focus to the OBOR initiative, including industrials, utilities, materials, financials, and energy.
- Benchmarked to MSCI, a global leader in international indexing.

- 1. "The Belt and Road Initiative: Country Profiles", HKTDC.com as of 3/31/2020.
- 2. Data from the World Bank as of 12/30/2018, last updated 2019, retrieved 3/31/2020
- 3. "One Belt, One Road": China's New Global Strategy, Journal of Contemporary East Asia Studies, 3/28/2017, retrieved 3/31/2020.

The OBOR initiative is a primary focus of President Xi Jinping of China. OBOR is an extensive infrastructure project modernizing China's ancient Silk Road trading routes established during the Han Dynasty. OBOR is poised to reshape the 21st century economy.

- The ancient Silk Road was a network of trade routes formally established during the Han Dynasty (206 B.C. – 220 A.D.). The road originated from Chang'an in the east (present day Xi'an) and connected the Eurasia continent via Central Asia into the Mediterranean.
- The road was extremely important facilitating the movement of trade, information, and culture between China, the Roman Empire, and all the countries along the route.
- In June 2014, UNESCO designated the Chang'an corridor of the Silk Road as a World Heritage Site.
- The One Belt One Road (OBOR) initiative, officially unveiled by President Xi Jinping in September 2013, has two core components:
 - **Economic land belt:** linking countries by land along the ancient Silk Road through Central Asia, West Asia, the Middle East, and Europe.
 - **Maritime road:** linking countries by sea along the Eastern coast of Africa through the Suez Canal into the Mediterranean.
- The key objective of the OBOR plan is to promote better connectivity, deepen linkage to improve mutual understanding, and foster long-term stability in the region.

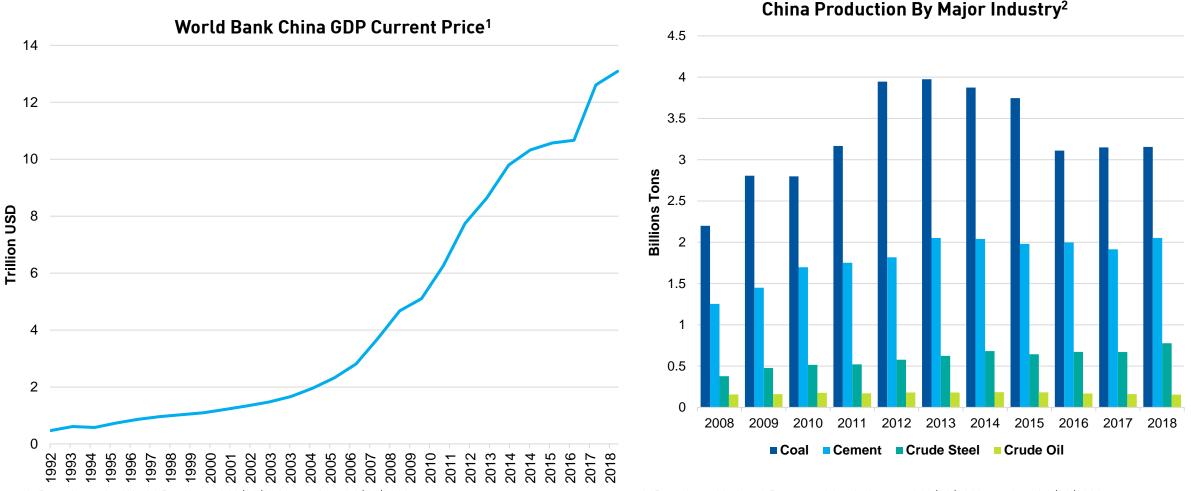


Silk Road Economic Belt and Maritime Silk Road in the making¹

1. Chart from Xinhuanet.com and Barclays research via Container News "Topic of the day: What is 'China's One Belt, One Road?'", April 17, 2016.



China has experienced rapid growth over the past 30 years and is now the world's second largest economy¹. Much of this growth historically came from its industrial sector and production of commodities, in particular: coal, cement, and crude steel.

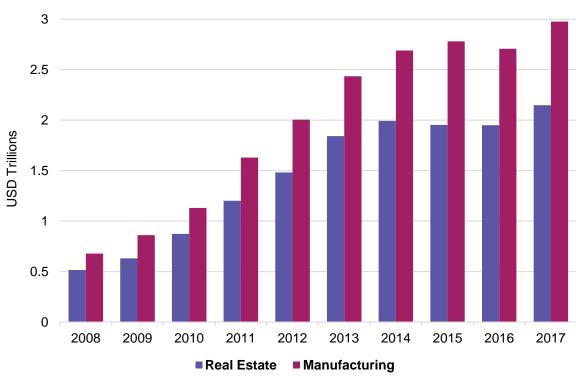


1. Data from the World Bank as of 12/31/2018, retrieved 3/31/2020

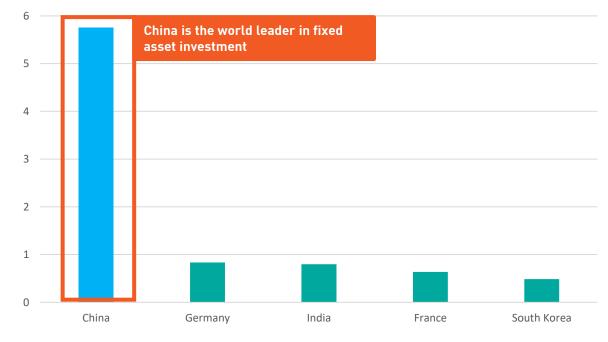
2. Data from National Bureau of Statistics as of 12/31/2018, retrieved 3/31/2020.

As China's economy has matured, growth in fixed investment has leveled. China must now find new channels for growth.

- Over the past decade, China has devoted nearly 45% of its GDP to investment, resulting in tremendous industrial capacity which can be leveraged through the OBOR initiative¹
- China has developed a competitive edge and gained vast experience in infrastructure development and construction activities in the last 10 years
- Compared to other emerging countries, China has expertise and management skills in large scale infrastructure projects



China Annual Fixed Asset Investment



Top Five Countries For Fixed Capital Formation Investment in 2018

Data from World Bank as of 12/31/2018, retrieved 3/31/2020.

Data from Bloomberg as of 12/31/2017, retrieved on 3/31/2020.

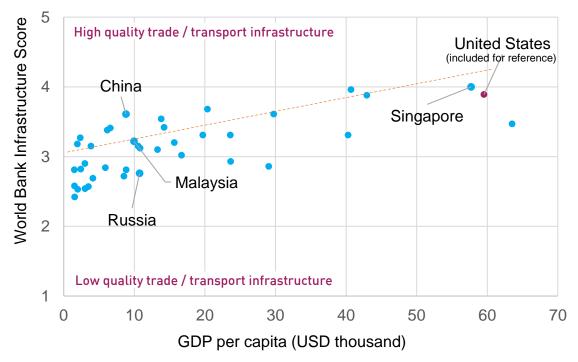
1. Data from the CEIC as of 12/31/2018, retrieved 3/31/2020. See page 17 for terms and definitions



There is considerable demand for infrastructure and development investment among the countries participating in the OBOR initiative.

The countries participating in the OBOR initiative need significant investment for development and infrastructure upgrades

- The OBOR initiative seeks to create trade and investment opportunities in infrastructure and construction providing China with a new channel to broaden its export market
- The initiative could raise China's global economic and political influence and facilitate renminbi (RMB) internationalization
- The OBOR initiative attempts to provide a win-win approach to satisfying the needs of the region



Many OBOR countries are in need of more infrastructure investment

The Asia Development Bank estimates that Asia and the Pacific will need \$1.7 Trillion in annual infrastructure investment amounting to as much \$26 Trillion by 2030.

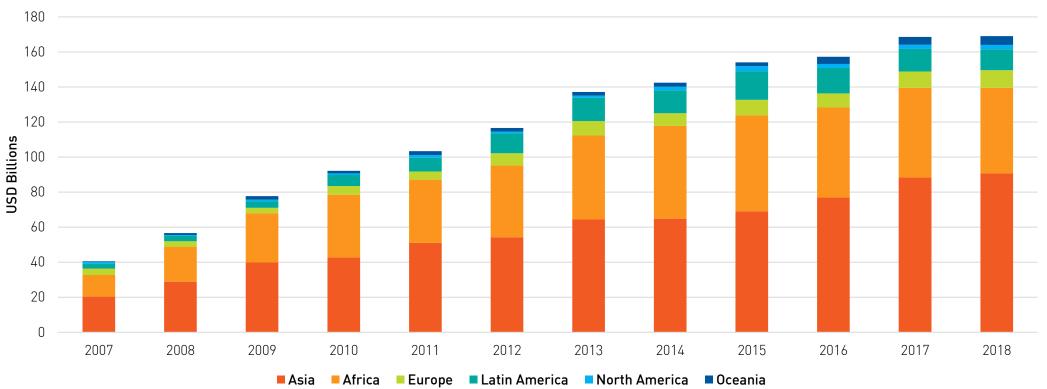
| ADB- estimated infrastructure investment needs by region (45 developing member countries, 2016- 2030, in 2015 US\$bn | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Region | Baseline estimates* | | | | |
| | Investment needs | Annual average | Investment needs as % of GDP | | |
| Central Asia | 565 | 38 | 7.8 | | |
| East Asia | 16,062 | 1,071 | 5.2 | | |
| South Asia | 6,347 | 423 | 8.8 | | |
| Southeast Asia | 3,147 | 210 | 5.7 | | |
| The Pacific | 46 | 3.1 | 9.1 | | |
| Asia Pacific total | 26,167 | 1,745 | 36.6 | | |

*Climate-adjusted Estimates

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China is steadily increasing the value of its overseas projects.

- Chinese firms have experience conducting business along the OBOR routes and countries participating in the OBOR Initiative are the largest recipients of Chinese investment.
- We believe the OBOR initiative may accelerate the rate of growth in China's overseas projects over the next decade.
- Following the announcement of the initiative, China has made \$614 billion in OBOR investments and construction contracts¹.

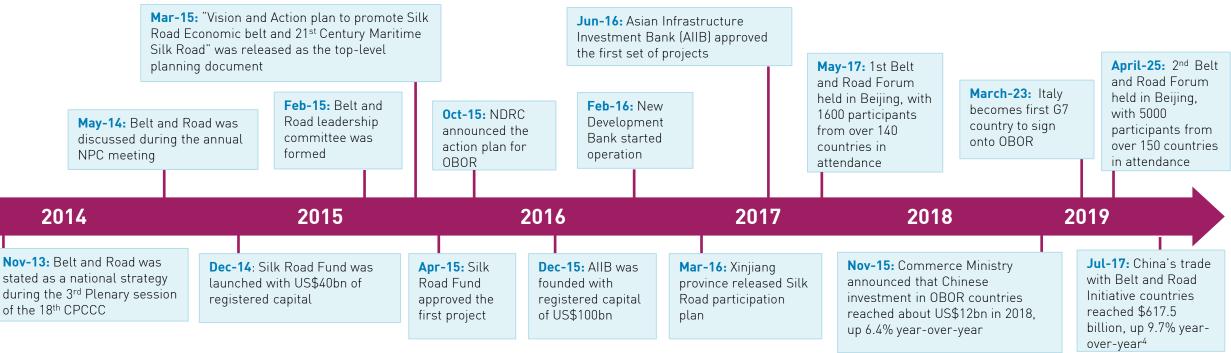


Completed value of China's overseas contracted projects²

Moody's Analytics, "The Belt and Road Initiative—Six Years On", p2. June 2019, retrieved 3/31/2020.
Data from National Bureau of Statistics as of 12/31/2018, retrieved 3/31/2020.

Within China, the OBOR Initiative has gained support from the highest levels of government and is now an official national strategy.

- Since it was unveiled in 2013, OBOR was included in the Third Plenum policy program and has become an official national strategy
- In April 2019, the second OBOR Forum was held in Beijing, China, with 37 heads of state in attendance. It was the highest profile international meeting so far on the OBOR initiative¹.
- Two major developments of the Forum were China's Ministry of Commerce release of a Debt Sustainability Framework² and a sub-forum for a more sustainable "Green Belt and Road."
- According to the People's Bank of China (PBOC), China signed currency swap agreements with over 30 OBOR nations and removed quota restrictions for Renminbi Qualified Foreign Institutional Investor (RQFII) and Qualified Foreign Institutional Investors (QFII), paving the way for RMB-denominated transactions down the road³.



- 1. "Belt and Road Forum for International Cooperation round table host by President Xi" (Translated from Chinese), Belt and Road Forum, 05/15/2017
- 2. "Debt Sustainability Framework for Participating Countries of the Belt and Road Initiative," Ministry of Commerce of PRC, 4/25/2019
- 3. "Chinese Yuan Gains International Popularity," Belt and Road Portal, 1/08/2019
- 4. "BRI Trade Reached 617.5 Billion In First Half of 2019", The Maritime Executive, 7/15/2019.

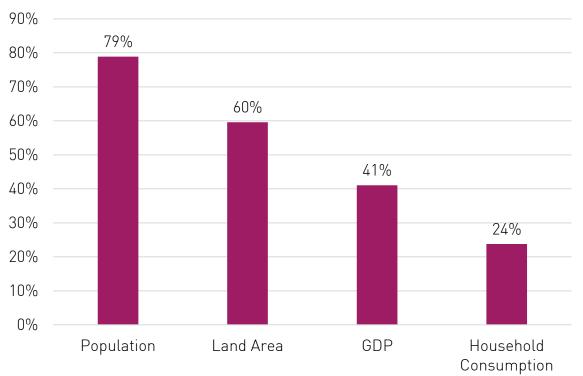
Timeline from xinhuanet.com, chinadaily.com, and China's Ministry of Commerce website as of 12/31/2019

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The OBOR initiative has generated strong interest from global investors and has achieved large scale participation from countries within Emerging Markets

- The OBOR initiative currently encompasses:
 - Over 140 countries (including China) along the land and maritime routes¹.
 - o An aggregate population of 5.9 Billion².
 - A total nominal GDP of \$35 trillion, representing 79% of world population and 41% of the world's total GDP in 2018².
- The average per capita GDP for these countries is only \$10,158.66² reflecting the early development stage of these countries, and strong growth potential.



OBOR Countries as % of world as of 2018

"The Belt and Road Initiative: Country Profiles", HKTDC.com as of 3/31/2020.
Data from the World Bank as of 12/31/2018, last updated 3/21/2019, retrieved 3/31/2020.

The key objective of the OBOR plan is to promote better connectivity, deepen linkage to improve mutual understanding and foster long-term stability in the region.

- Two major policy banks in China; China Development Bank (CDB) & Export-Import Bank of China (EIBC), issued over \$200 Billion in loans to finance OBOR projects¹.
- Three major state-owned banks, Bank of China (BOC), Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (ICBC) & China Construction Bank (CCB), have planned for a total of \$527 Billion in loans and equity investment for 1,012 OBOR related projects based on recent estimates from the China Banking Association².
- Following the announcement of the OBOR initiative two government backed banks and one fund were established in 2014 to help finance OBOR projects.

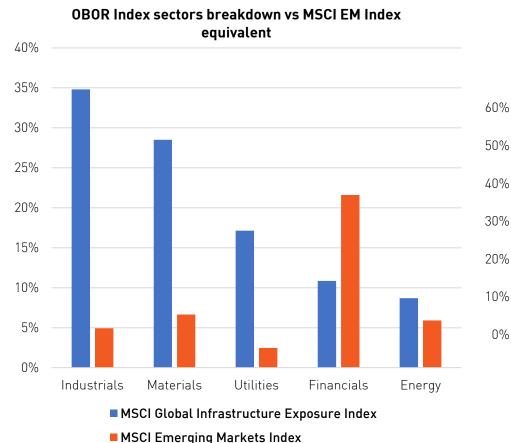
| | Silk Road Fund | Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB) | New Development Bank | Asian Development Bank (ADB) | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-------------------------|---|--|
| Year of establishment | 2014 | 2014 | 2014 | 1966 | |
| Number of Members | NA | 93 members | (ALL 5 BRICS countries) | (49 from Asia, 19 outside) | |
| Headquarters | Beijijng, China | Beijing, China | Shanghai, China | Manila, Philippines | |
| President | Wang Yanzhi (China) Jin Liquan (China) NA | | Takehiko Nakao (Japan) | | |
| Registered Capital | \$40 billion \$100 billion \$100 billion | | \$147 bb | | |
| Funding source | All pledged by China but welcomes foreign capital | Elloged equally by a BRILS Col | | Contributed by member countries - Japan/US/China are the top 3 | |
| Target | Promote trade and economic cooperation as well as connectivity to achieve development of China and other Belt and Road countries | ve Promote regional economic growth Foster greater financial development and | | Poverty relief | |

1. Peng Qinqin and Denise Jia, "China State Banks Provide Over \$400 Bln of Credits to Belt and Road Projects", Caixin.com, 5/11/2017.

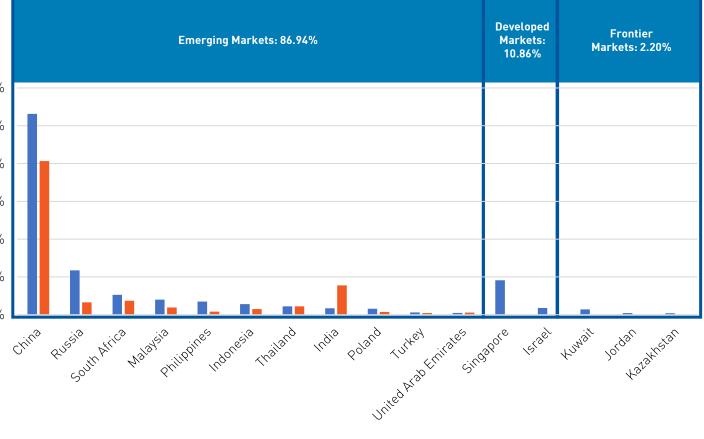
2. Wang Cong, "Chinese banks expand loans in Belt and Road nations", thesafiablog.com, 5/12/2017.



The OBOR ETF offers distinct portfolio characteristics from the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. We believe the countries and sectors within the MSCI Global China Infrastructure Exposure Index may potentially outperform over the long term due to the positive catalyst generated by the One Belt One Road Initiative.



OBOR countries breakdown vs MSCI EM Index equivalent



MSCI Global Infrastructure Exposure Index

MSCI Emerging Markets Index



The Index Matters

- MSCI is a global leader in international indexing and serves as a trusted index provider for the largest global investment managers.
- MSCI is well qualified to establish the investable universe of companies participating in the OBOR initiative.

estimated to be

benchmarked to

MSCI indexes¹



managers are

MSCI clients²

ETFs are based on MSCI indexes, more than any other index provider³ **94%**

of US pension fund assets invested in global equities are benchmarked to MSCI⁴

¹ As of June 30, 2018, as reported on September 30, 2018 by eVestment, Morningstar and Bloomberg, retrieved 3/31/2020.

- ² Based on latest P&I AUM data and MSCI clients as of March 2018, retrieved 3/31/2020
- ³ As of September 2018, retrieved 3/31/2020; defined as each share class of an exchange traded fund, as identified by a separate Bloomberg ticker. Only primary listings, and not cross-listings, are counted.

⁴ As of Dec 2016, according to Intersec LLC , retrieved 3/31/2020.



OBOR Initiative Filtering Process

In order to make the OBOR Initiative theme investable KraneShares worked closely with MSCI to develop the MSCI Global China Infrastructure Exposure Index.

for Index Constituent Selection Select stocks from MSCI ACWI + Frontier Markets IMI + MSCI China All Shares Stock Universe Select stocks from countries participating in the OBOR Initiative **Country Selection** Select stocks from target sectors relevant to the infrastructure development related to the OBOR **Industry Selection** Initiative **Economic Exposure** Identify securities with high revenue exposure to China, including both Chinese & ex-Chinese securities **Optimization** KraneShares seeks to minimize tracking error and trading costs

The KraneShares MSCI One Belt One Road Index ETF tracks a variety of companies across the sectors and countries aligned with the OBOR initiative.

| Sector | Sector weight in index ETF | Top holding in sector | Company weight in index ETF | Company Logo | Company country of domicile | Company description | |
|-------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Materials | 28.73% | MMC Norilsk Nickel PJSC | 5.63% | NORNICKEL | Russia | Nornickel is Russia's leading metals and mining company and the world's largest high-grade nickel and palladium producer. | |
| Industrials | 34.63% | Conetmporary Amperex Technology Co. Limited | 3.34% | CATL | China | Contemporary Amperex Technology operates as a battery products manufacturing company. The Company produces and sells power battery materials, energy storage batteries energy storage battery cells, systems, and other products. Contemporary Amperex Technology also provides batteries recycling services. | |
| Utilities | 16.79% | China Yangtze Power Company | 4.66% | | China | Chinese state-owned enterprise that owns Three Gorges Dam Hydroelectric Plant and Gezhouba Hydroelectric Plant in China. The company builds hydroelectric plants globally. | |
| Financials | 10.81% | Overseas-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited | 5.51% | OCBC Bank | Singapore | The Company's services include deposit-taking, corporate, enterprise and personal lending, international trade financing, investment banking, private banking, treasury, stockbroking, insurance, credit cards, cash management, asset management and other financial and related services. | |
| Energy | 9.04% | Rosneft | 3.75% | ROSNEFT | Russia | Integrated oil company majority owned by the Government of Russia. The company conducts oil and gas exploration and production activities on Sakhalin island, Siberia, Timan- Pechora field and in southern Russia. | |

The Fund's holdings are subject to change

Data from Bloomberg as of 3/31/2020. See page 16 for top 10 holdings of the ETF.



KraneShares MSCI One Belt One Road ETF

The KraneShares MSCI One Belt One Road ETF (ticker: OBOR) seeks to provide investment results that track the price and yield performance of the MSCI Global China Infrastructure Exposure Index. The Index aims to identify potential beneficiaries of the One Belt One Road initiative based on how their geography, revenue, and sector attributes align with the broad theme. OBOR seeks to capture the economic growth and monetize the potential upside for the companies involved in China's One Belt One Road initiative.

| f c | Fund Details | As of 3/31/2020 | Top Ten Holdings (ex Cash) as of 3/31/2020 | | |
|--------|--|--|---|--|--|
| | Primary Exchange | NYSE | The Fund's Holdings are Subject to Change. | | |
| | CUSIP | 500767868 | MMC NORILSK NICKEL PJSC | | |
| | Total Annual Fund Operating Expense | 0.700/ | OVERSEA-CHINESE BANKING CORP | | |
| | | 0.79% | CHINA YANGTZE POWER CO LTD-A | | |
| | Inception Date | 09/07/2017 | ROSNEFT OIL CO PJSC | | |
| | Distribution Frequency | Annually | CONTEMPORARY AMPEREX TECHN | | |
| | Index Name | - | IMPALA PLATINUM HOLDINGS LTD | | |
| | | MSCI Global China Infrastructure Exposure | CHINA STATE CONSTRUCTION -A | | |
| | | Index | ANHUI CONCH CEMENT CO LTD- | | |
| | Index Ticker | Bloomberg: M1CXKSH | JG SUMMIT HOLDINGS INC | | |
| | Number of Holdings (ex Cash) | 106 | ENN ENERGY HOLDINGS LTD | | |
| | | | | | |

OBOR Performance History as of 3/31/2020

| | Cumulative % | | | Average Annualized % | | |
|---------------|--------------|---------|-----------------|----------------------|------|-----------------|
| | 3 Mo | 6 Mo | Since Inception | 1 Yr | 3 Yr | Since Inception |
| Fund NAV | -26.85% | -18.33% | -23.66% | -21.78% | - | -9.99% |
| Closing Price | -27.56% | -18.73% | -24.65% | -22.78% | - | -10.45% |
| Index | -26.65% | -16.43% | -20.29% | -19.66% | - | -8.46% |

The performance data quoted represents past performance. Past performance does not guarantee future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when sold or redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost and current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. For performance data current to the most recent month end, please visit www.kraneshares.com

Index returns are for illustrative purposes only. Index performance returns do not reflect any management fees, transaction costs or expenses. Indexes are unmanaged and one cannot invest directly in an index.

Ticker

GMKN RM

OCBC SP

600900 CH

ROSN RM

300750 CH

IMP SJ

601668 CH

914 HK

JGS PM

2688 HK

٠A

%

5.63

5.51

4.66

3.75

3.34

2.78

2.78

2.41

2.29

2.23



Definitions

Fixed Asset Investment: investment in physical assets such as machinery, land, buildings, installations, vehicles, or technology.

Fixed Capital Formation: Fixed capital formation refers to the process of a firm increasing its stock of fixed capital. Fixed capital are assets used in the productive process, that a firm holds for over a year. Examples of fixed capital formation: building or expanding existing factory, purchase of transport equipment, office equipment.

The MSCI Emerging Markets Index: captures large and mid cap representation across 23 Emerging Markets (EM) countries.



Important Notes

Carefully consider the Funds' investment objectives, risk factors, charges and expenses before investing. This and additional information can be found in the Funds' full and summary prospectus, which may be obtained by visiting www.kraneshares.com. Read the prospectus carefully before investing.

ETF shares are not redeemable with the issuing fund other than in large Creation Unit aggregations. Instead, investors must buy or sell ETF Shares in the secondary market with the assistance of a stockbroker. In doing so, the investor may incur brokerage commissions and may pay more than net asset value (NAV) when buying and receive less than net asset value when selling. The NAV of the Fund's shares is calculated each day the national securities exchanges are open for trading as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), normally 4:00 P.M. Eastern time (the "NAV Calculation Time"). Shares are bought and sold at market price not NAV. Closing price returns are based on the midpoint of the bid/ask spread at 4:00 P.M. Eastern Time (when NAV is normally determined).

Narrowly focused investments typically exhibit higher volatility. The ability of the KraneShares MSCI One Belt One Road ETF to achieve its investment objective is dependent, in part, on the continuous availability of A Shares and the ability to obtain, if necessary, additional A Shares quota. The fund may invest in derivatives, which are often more volatile than other investments and may magnify the Fund's gains or losses. The Fund is non-diversified.

Investing involves risk, including possible loss of principal. There can be no assurance that a Fund will achieve its stated objectives. The Funds are subject to political, social or economic instability within China which may cause decline in value. Fluctuations in currency of foreign countries may have an adverse effect to domestic currency values. Emerging markets involve heightened risk related to the same factors as well as increase volatility and lower trading volume.

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