

# The China Consumer E-Commerce Opportunity

An Overview of the KraneShares  
CSI China Internet ETF (Ticker: KWEB)



## Introduction to KraneShares

### About KraneShares

Krane Funds Advisors, LLC is the investment manager for KraneShares ETFs. The firm is focused on providing investors with strategies to capture China's importance as an essential element of a well-designed investment portfolio. KraneShares ETFs represent innovative, first to market strategies that have been developed based on the firm and its partners' deep knowledge of investing. These strategies allow investors to stay up to date on global market trends and provide meaningful diversification. Krane Funds Advisors, LLC is majority owned by China International Capital Corporation (CICC).



# KWEB

## KraneShares CSI China Internet ETF

### Investment Strategy:

KWEB seeks to measure the performance of the investable universe of publicly traded China-based companies whose primary business or businesses are in the Internet and Internet-related sectors.

### KWEB features:

- Access to Chinese internet companies that provide similar services as Google, Facebook, Twitter, eBay, Amazon, etc.
- Exposure to companies benefitting from increasing domestic consumption by China's growing middle class
- Exposure to Chinese internet companies listed in both the United States and Hong Kong

### China Internet Sector Highlights:

- Chinese retail web sales totaled US\$1.31 trillion<sup>1</sup> in 2018 (compared to US\$513.6 billion<sup>2</sup> in the United States).
- China's internet population reached 854 million people, a penetration of only 61.2%<sup>3</sup>. The U.S. internet population reached 294 million people, a penetration rate of 89.5% in June 2019.<sup>4</sup>
- Total Chinese retail sales reached US\$5.5 trillion in 2018<sup>1</sup>.
- Online shopping accounted for 23.6% of retail purchases in China in 2018<sup>1</sup>.

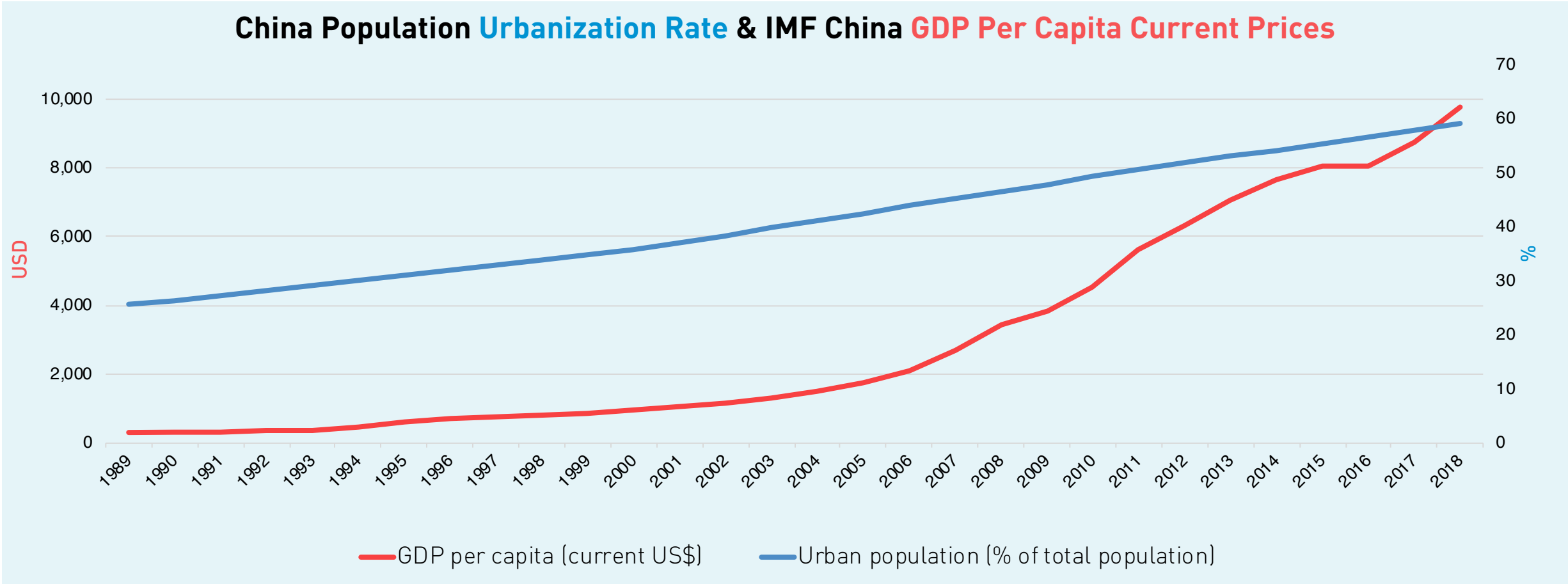
1. National Bureau of Statistics in China, "National Economic Performance Maintained within an Appropriate Range in 2018 with Main Development Goals Achieved" 1/21/2019. Note: Figures converted from Chinese Renminbi to USD as of 12/31/2018.

2. U.S. Department of Commerce, "Quarterly Retail E-commerce Sales 4th Quarter 2018" 3/13/2019.

3. CNNIC, The 44<sup>th</sup> Statistical Report on the Development of China's Internet, 8/31/2019.

4. Data from Pew Research Center and US Census Bureau as of 6/30/2019. Retrieved 12/31/2019.

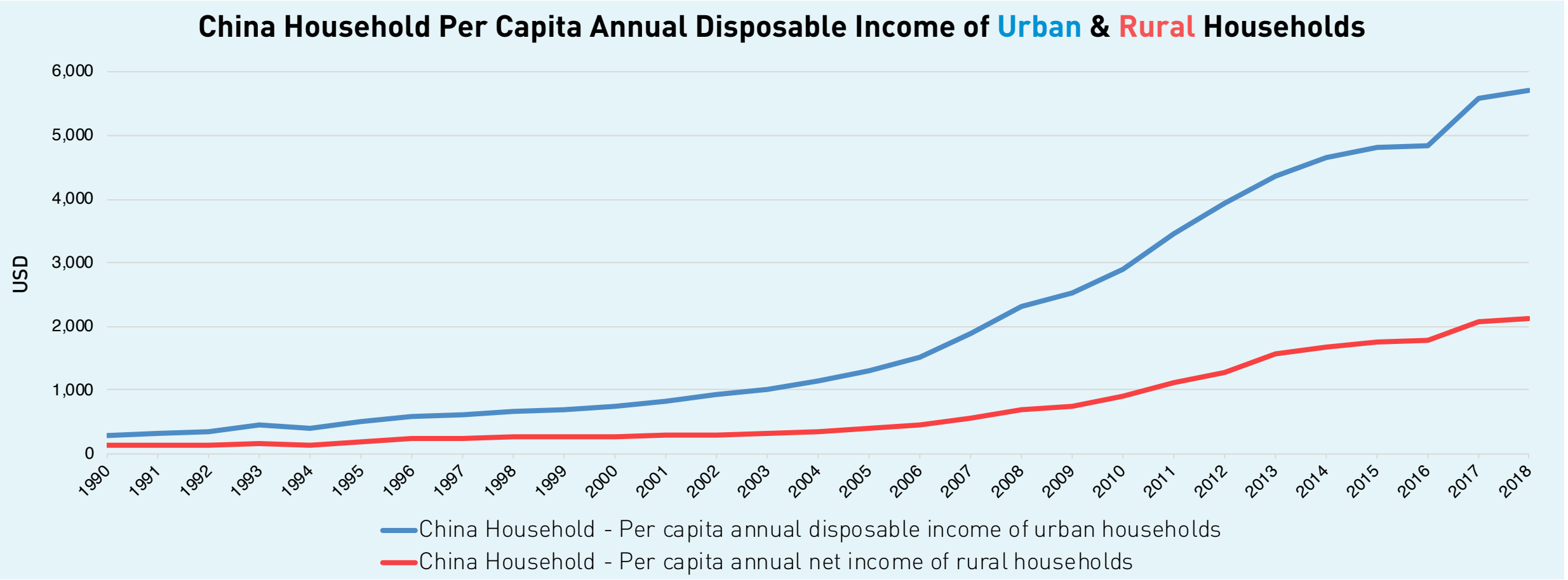
As China’s population moves into cities, they gain access to better jobs and wages, which in turn has a positive impact on GDP per capita.



Data from World Bank as of 12/31/2018. Retrieved on 12/31/2019.



China's urban population has almost three times more disposable income than their rural counterparts.



Data from Bloomberg, as of 12/31/2018. Retrieved on 12/31/2019.

## The China Internet Evolution

- China's E-Commerce market size surpassed the U.S. for the first time in 2014, and China's total retail sales surpassed total retail sales of the U.S. for the first time in 2017.
- 61.2% of China's population has internet access compared to 89.5% in the U.S.
- We believe there is potential for substantial continued growth in the Chinese internet sector.

China / US Internet Statistics	China	US
Total internet population	854mm <sup>1</sup>	294mm <sup>2</sup>
% of population with internet access	61.2% <sup>1</sup>	89.5% <sup>2</sup>
Country's share of world internet users	23.4% <sup>2</sup>	8.1% <sup>2</sup>
E-Commerce market size 2018	\$1.3T <sup>3</sup>	\$513.6B <sup>4</sup>
Total retail sales 2018	\$5.5T <sup>3</sup>	\$5.3T <sup>4</sup>
% of online retail sales 2018	23.6% <sup>3</sup>	9.7% <sup>4</sup>
2017-2018 growth online sales	23.9% <sup>3</sup>	14.2% <sup>4</sup>

1.CNNIC, The 44th Statistical Report on the Development of China's Internet, 8/31/2019.

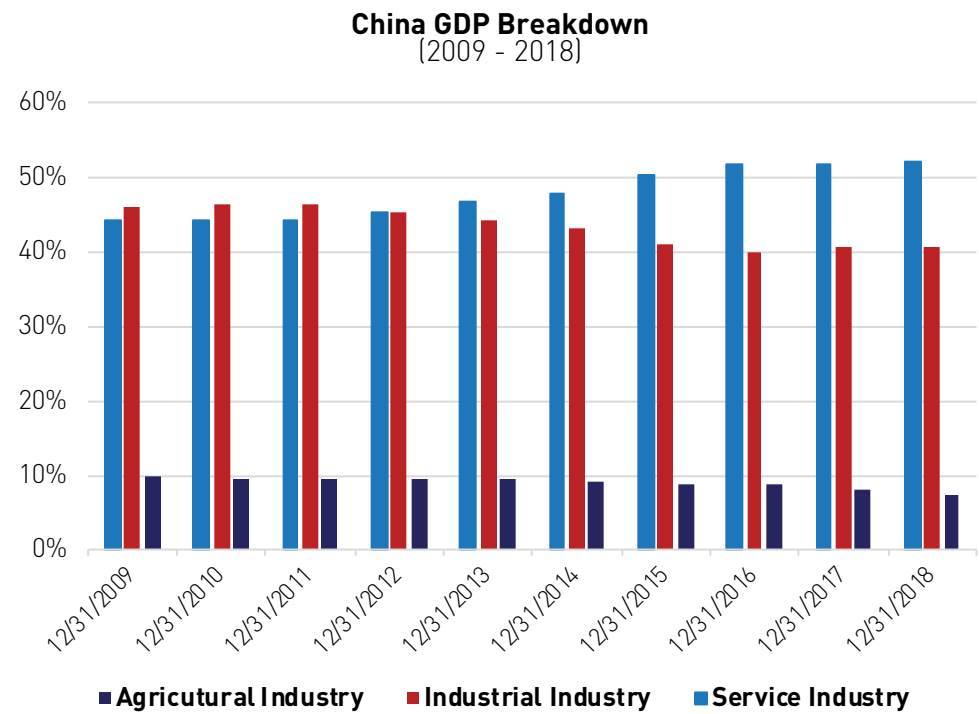
2.Data from Pew Research Center, World Bank, and US Census Bureau as of 6/30/2019. Retrieved 12/31/2019.

3.National Bureau of Statistics in China, "National Economic Performance Maintained within an Appropriate Range in 2018 with Main Development Goals Achieved" 1/21/2019. Note: Figures converted from Chinese Renminbi to USD as of 12/31/2018.

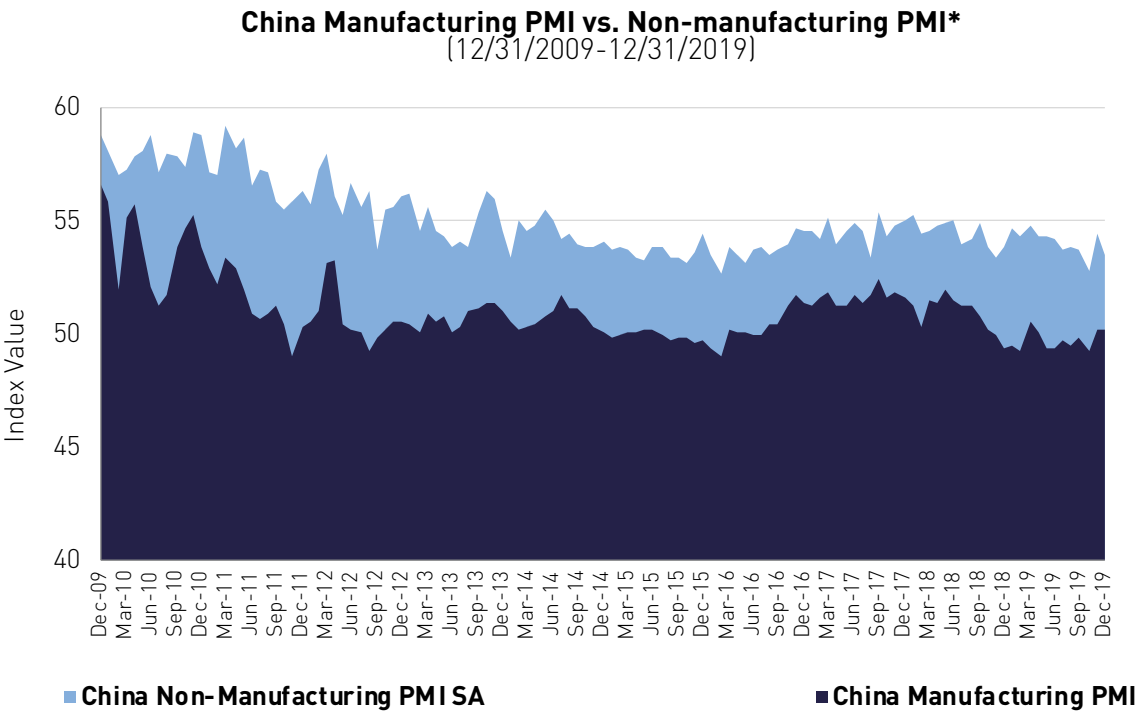
4.U.S. Department of Commerce, "Quarterly Retail E-commerce Sales 4th Quarter 2018" 3/13/2019.

# A Tale of Two Chinas

In 2013, the services sector surpassed the industrial sector as the largest contributor to China’s GDP for the first time. While traditional manufacturing is slowing the service sector Purchasing Managers’ Index (PMI) indicates healthy growth in domestic consumption.



Data from Bloomberg as of 12/31/2018. Retrieved on 12/31/2019.

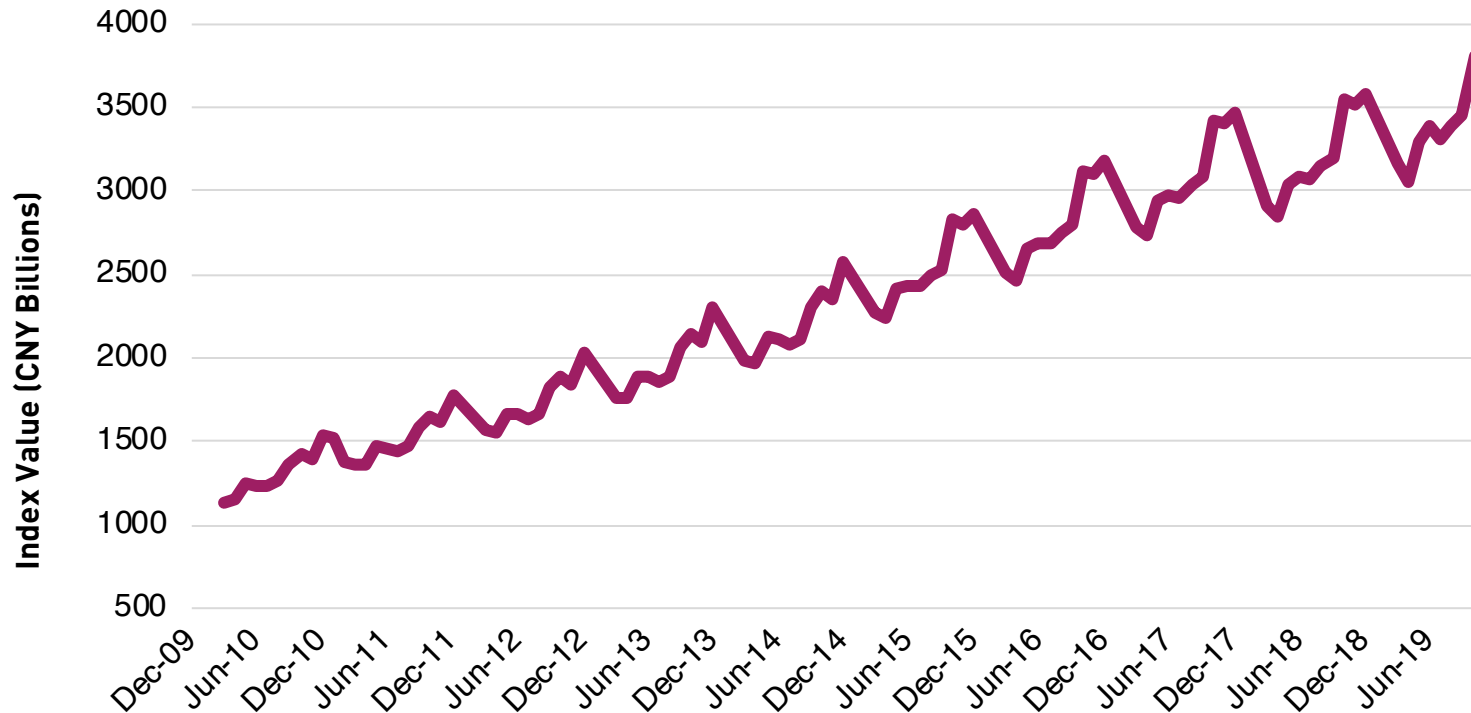


Data from Bloomberg as of 12/31/2019.

**\*The Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI)** is an indicator of the economic health of the manufacturing sector. The PMI is based on five major indicators: new orders, inventory levels, production, supplier deliveries and the employment environment. A PMI of more than 50 represents expansion of the manufacturing sector when compared to the previous month. A PMI reading under 50 represents a contraction, and a reading at 50 indicates no change. **The Non-Manufacturing Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI)** is a composite index calculated as an indicator of the overall economic condition for the non-manufacturing sector. The index is a composite based on four indicators with equal weights: Business Activity (seasonally adjusted), New Orders (seasonally adjusted), Employment (seasonally adjusted) and Supplier Deliveries.

## Retail sales have expanded steadily in China.

**Value of Monthly China Retail Sales Index**  
(12/31/2009 - 12/31/2019)



- Total Chinese retail sales reached **\$5.5 trillion** in 2018
- Chinese retail websites sold **\$1.3 trillion** worth of goods in 2018, a **23.9%** year-on-year increase.
- Online shopping accounted for **23.6%** of total retail sales in 2018.

Source: National Bureau of Statistics in China, "National Economic Performance Maintained within an Appropriate Range in 2018 with Main Development Goals Achieved" 1/21/2019. Note: Figures converted from Chinese Renminbi to USD as of 12/31/2018.

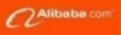









Chart data from Bloomberg as of 12/31/2019. Retrieved on 12/31/2019.

**China Retail Sales Index:** Retail sales (also referred to as retail trade) tracks the resale of new and used goods to the general public, for personal or household consumption. This concept is based on the value of goods sold.



The 1 year and 5-year average revenue growth rates for China internet companies are higher than those of many U.S. internet companies.

**Top 10 KWEB holdings vs. their U.S. equivalents as of 12/31/2019**

Top 10 KWEB Holdings	Primary Business	KWEB Weight	China Internet Companies		Comparable U.S. Business	U.S. Internet Companies	
			1 Year Average Revenue Growth Rate	5 Year Average Revenue Growth Rate		1 Year Average Revenue Growth Rate	5 Year Average Revenue Growth Rate
ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING-SP ADR 	<b>E-Commerce</b>	10%	44%	48%	<b>Amazon</b>	20%	26%
TENCENT HOLDINGS LTD 	<b>Social Media</b>	9%	21%	37%	<b>Facebook</b>	28%	43%
MEITUAN DIANPING-CLASS B 	<b>Online Delivery</b>	8%	76%	81%	<b>GrubHub</b>	36%	41%
BAIDU INC - SPON ADR 	<b>Search</b>	7%	8%	20%	<b>Google</b>	19%	20%
JD.COM INC-ADR 	<b>E-Commerce</b>	6%	24%	38%	<b>Amazon</b>	20%	26%
TAL EDUCATION GROUP- ADR 	<b>Online Education</b>	4%	35%	53%	<b>Chegg</b>	28%	7%
NETEASE INC-ADR 	<b>Gaming</b>	4%	17%	51%	<b>Activision Blizzard</b>	-5%	11%
TRIP.COM GROUP LTD 	<b>Online Travel Services</b>	4%	19%	40%	<b>Booking.com</b>	6%	13%
PINDUODUO INC-ADR 	<b>E-Commerce</b>	4%	-	-	<b>Groupon</b>	-12%	-4%
VIPSHOP HOLDINGS LTD - ADR 	<b>E-Commerce</b>	4%	9%	81%	<b>Macy's</b>	-2%	-2%
		<b>Total: 60%</b>	<b>Average: 28%</b>	<b>Average: 50%</b>		<b>Average: 14%</b>	<b>Average: 18%</b>

The Fund's holdings are subject to change. Data from Bloomberg as of 12/31/2019

For the majority of the developing world, smart phones provide the first point of internet access, bypassing traditional computers.

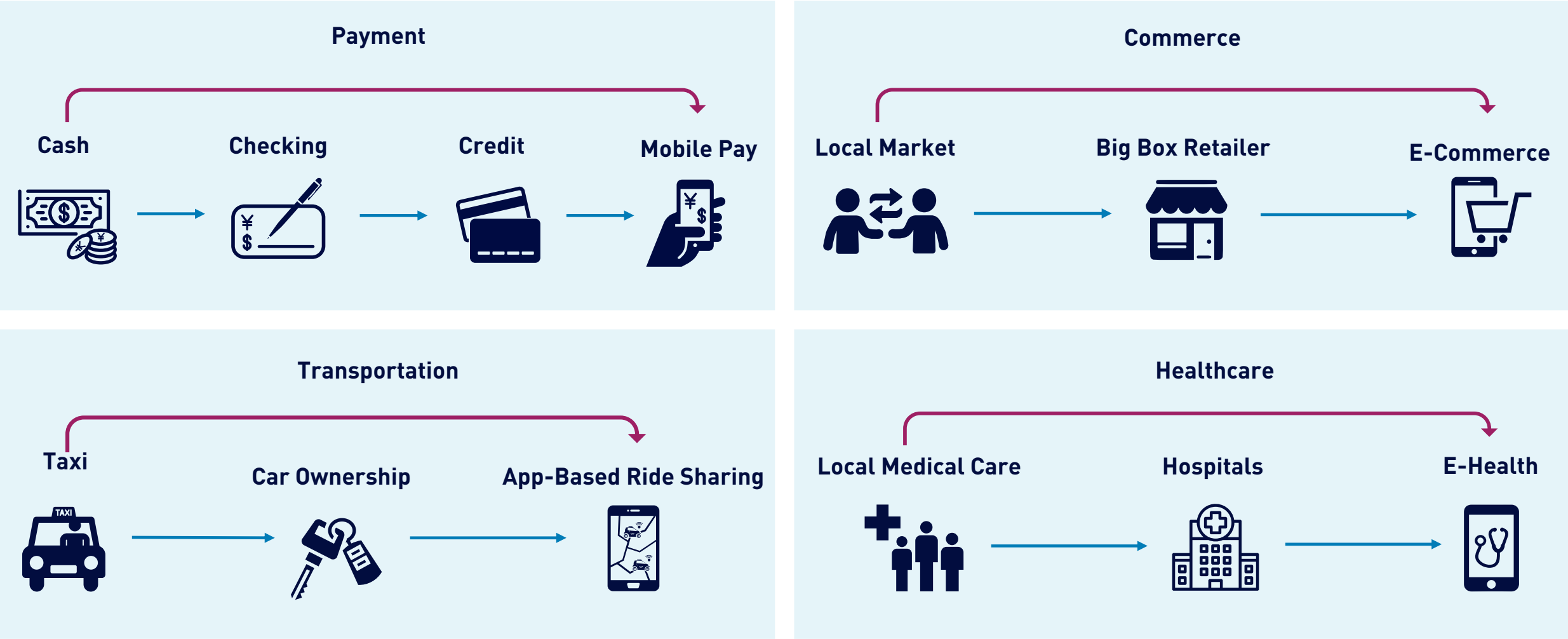
Mobile-cellular telephone subscriptions			
	2000	2018	Growth multiple
India	3,577,095	1,176,021,869	329x
Russia	3,263,200	229,431,008	70x
China	85,260,000	1,641,147,000	19x
South Africa	8,339,000	88,566,977	11x
Brazil	23,188,171	207,046,810	9x
Argentina	6,487,950	58,598,041	9x
Malaysia	5,121,748	42,413,400	8x
Poland	6,747,000	51,098,747	8x
South Korea	26,816,398	66,355,778	2x

Source: International Telecommunications Union' statistics database as of 12/31/2018. Retrieved on 12/31/2019.  
 ITU is the United Nations specialized agency for information and communication technologies. Data includes pay-as-you-go and contract renewals

The proliferation of low cost smart phones across emerging markets, like the Mi Max 2 from Xiaomi pictured below, has meant much of the developing population is gaining access to the internet for the first time via smart phones.



China’s rapid adoption of new technologies has produced a “leapfrogging” effect



# The Alibaba Ecosystem

## China Domestic Marketplaces



**1688.com**

(B2B Ecommerce Marketplace)

**Tmall 天猫**

**Tmall.com**

(B2C Online Retail Platform)



**Cainiao**

(E-commerce Logistics Platform)



**Alimama**

(Online Advertising Platform)

## Global Marketplaces



**AliExpress**

(Global B2B Marketplace)



**Taobao**

(Global C2C E-commerce Website)



**Ant Financial**

(Mobile and Online Payments Platform)

## Other Business Ventures



**South China Morning Post**



**阿里音乐**  
Alibaba Music

**YOUKU 优酷**



**阿里巴巴·影业集团**  
Alibaba Pictures



**Alibaba Cloud**

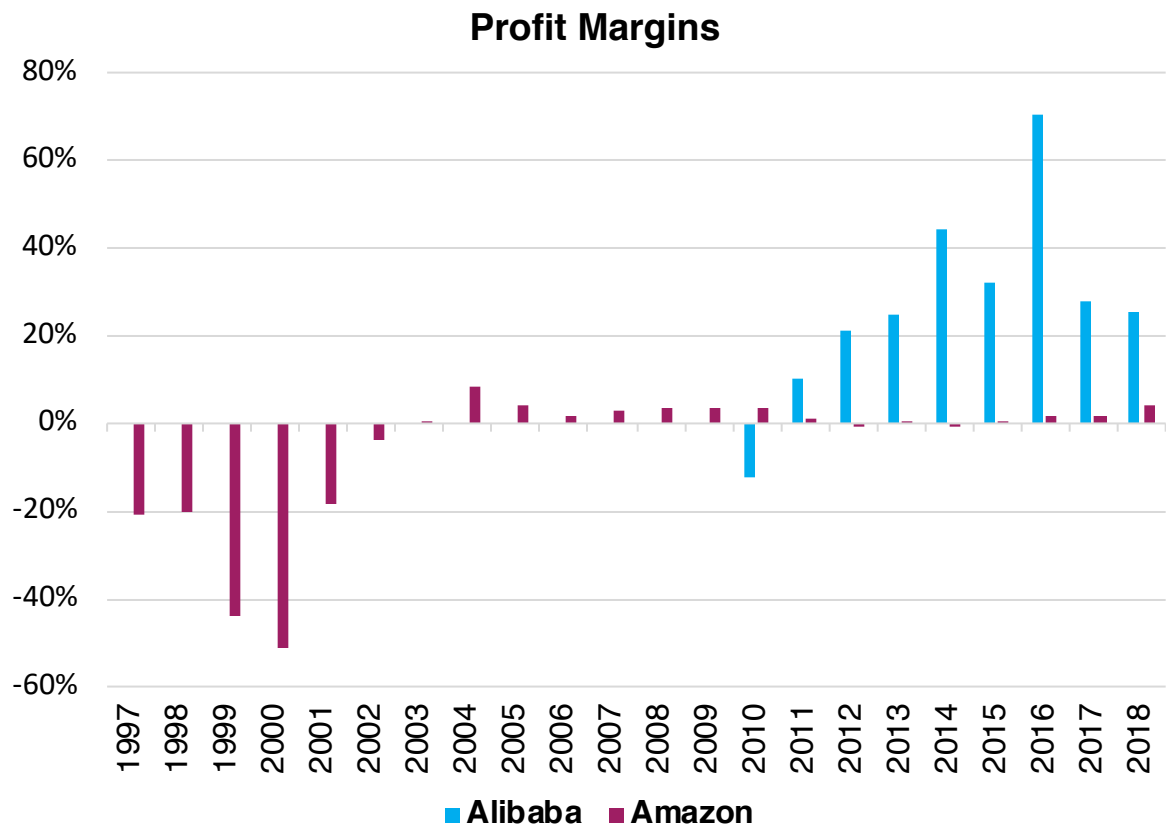
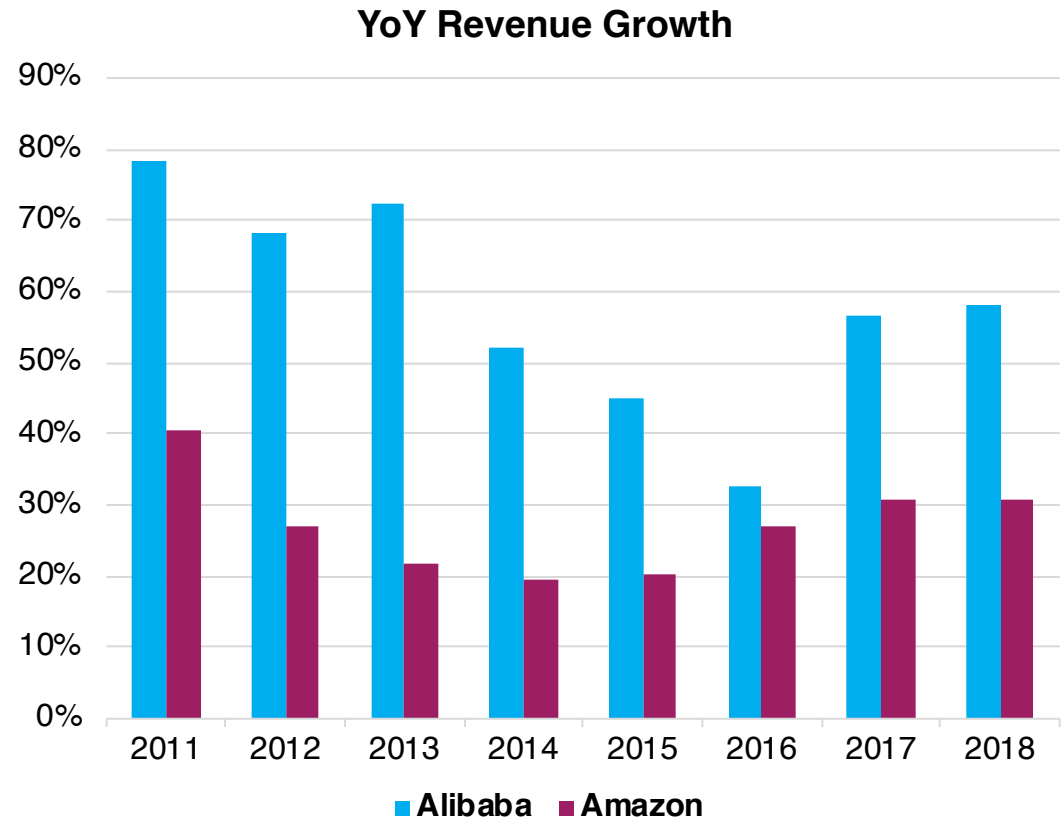
(Cloud Computing Services  
Provider to Online Businesses)



**Jack Ma** (Alibaba Founder)



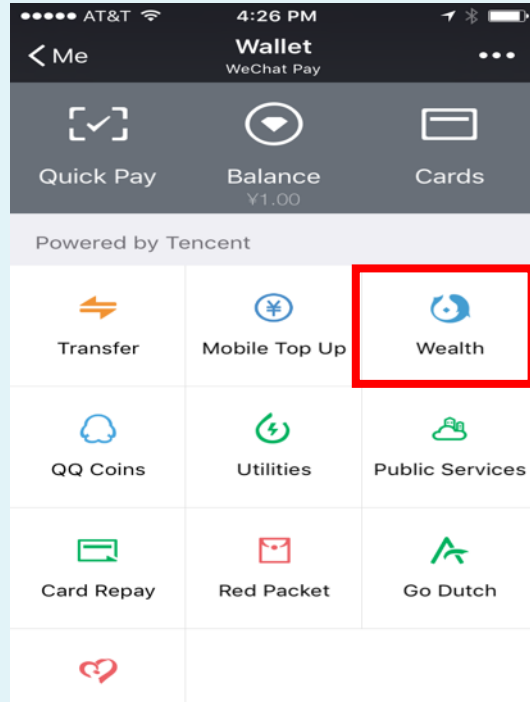
Historically, Alibaba has consistently outperformed Amazon in terms of revenue growth and profit margins.



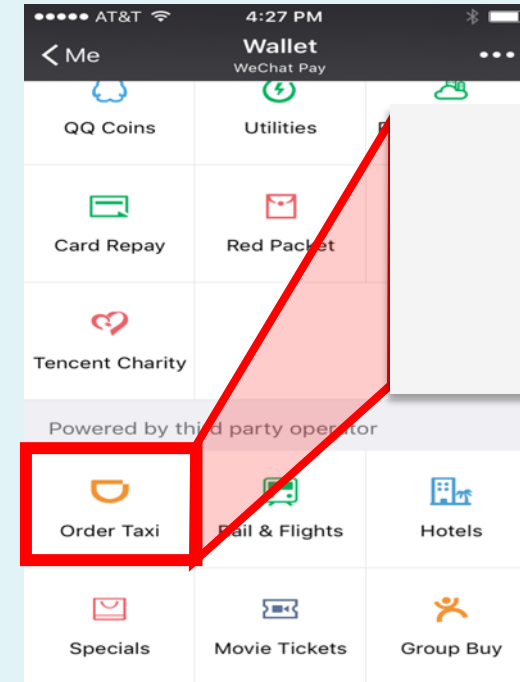
Data from Bloomberg as of 12/31/2018. Retrieved on 12/31/2019.  
 Past performance does not guarantee future results.

Apps like Tencent's WeChat integrate an ecosystem of services including messaging, social media, mobile payments, wealth management, & taxi hailing.

WeChat users can invest in mutual funds through the same app they use for social media.



In 2016, the US taxi hailing service Uber sold its Chinese business to local competitor Didi (logo below). Unlike Uber, which relies on a stand alone app, Didi integrates into the most popular Chinese social media platforms.



**The proliferation of E-Commerce in China also benefits Chinese logistics and delivery companies.**

Over 50 billion packages were delivered in China in 2018, an increase of 26% from the previous year<sup>1</sup>.

JD.com warehouse employees prepare same-day delivery



Unlike competitor Alibaba, JD.com owns its own logistics network and has a fleet of delivery vehicles around China



<sup>1</sup>[www.xinhua.net](http://www.xinhua.net) "China's express delivery sector expands fast in 2018", 1/6/2019. Retrieved 12/31/2019.

## China is Rapidly Becoming A Global Internet Services Leader.

### 2013

Top 10 Global Internet Companies By Market Cap <sup>1</sup>	
Alphabet	\$374.4B
Amazon	\$182.5B
Facebook	\$138.8B
Tencent	\$118.7B
Ebay	\$71.0B
Baidu	\$62.3B
Naspers Ltd	\$43.4B
Yahoo	\$41.0B
Twitter	\$36.1B
Salesforce	\$33.3B
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$1.10T</b>

### 2019

Top 10 Global Internet Companies By Market Cap <sup>2</sup>	
Alphabet Inc	\$972.9B
Amazon.com	\$943.2B
Facebook Inc	\$612.2B
Alibaba Group	\$569.9B
Tencent	\$469.3B
Netflix Inc	\$141.8B
Paypal	\$127.0B
Naspers Ltd	\$71.4B
Baidu Inc	\$43.8B
NetEase Inc	\$39.2B
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$3.42T</b>

### Potential Future IPOs

Top 10 Private Companies <sup>3</sup>	
Toutiao (Bytedance)	\$75.0B
Didi Chuxing	\$56.0B
JUUL Labs	\$50.0B
SpaceX	\$33.3B
Stripe	\$35.3B
Airbnb	\$35.0B
Kuaishou	\$18.0B
One97 Communications	\$16.0B
Epic Games	\$15.0B
DJI Innovations	\$15.0B
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$348.6B</b>

1. Data from Bloomberg as of 12/31/2013. Retrieved on 12/31/2019.
2. Data from Bloomberg as of 12/31/2019. Retrieved on 12/31/2019.
3. Data from CB Insights as of December 2019. Retrieved on 12/31/2019.



## KraneShares CSI China Internet ETF (NYSE: KWEB)

### Investment Strategy:

KWEB (the Fund) tracks the CSI Overseas China Internet Index (the Index) and invests in China based companies whose primary business or businesses are focused on internet and internet-related technology. These companies are publicly traded on either the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, NASDAQ Stock Market, or New York Stock Exchange.

### Key Fund Information

Ticker	KWEB
Index Name	CSI Overseas China Internet Index
Primary Exchange	NYSE
Total Annual Fund Operating Expense	0.76%
Inception Date	7/31/2013
Distribution Frequency	Annually

<b>Top Ten Holdings</b> as of 12/31/2019 The Fund's Holdings Are Subject to Change.	<b>% of Fund</b>
ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING-SP ADR	10.06
TENCENT HOLDINGS LTD	9.15
MEITUAN DIANPING-CLASS B	7.77
BAIDU INC - SPON ADR	7.24
JD.COM INC-ADR	6.06
TAL EDUCATION GROUP- ADR	4.08
NETEASE INC-ADR	3.91
TRIP.COM GROUP LTD	3.87
PINDUODUO INC-ADR	3.83
VIPSHOP HOLDINGS LTD - ADR	3.82

### KWEB Performance History as of 12/31/2019

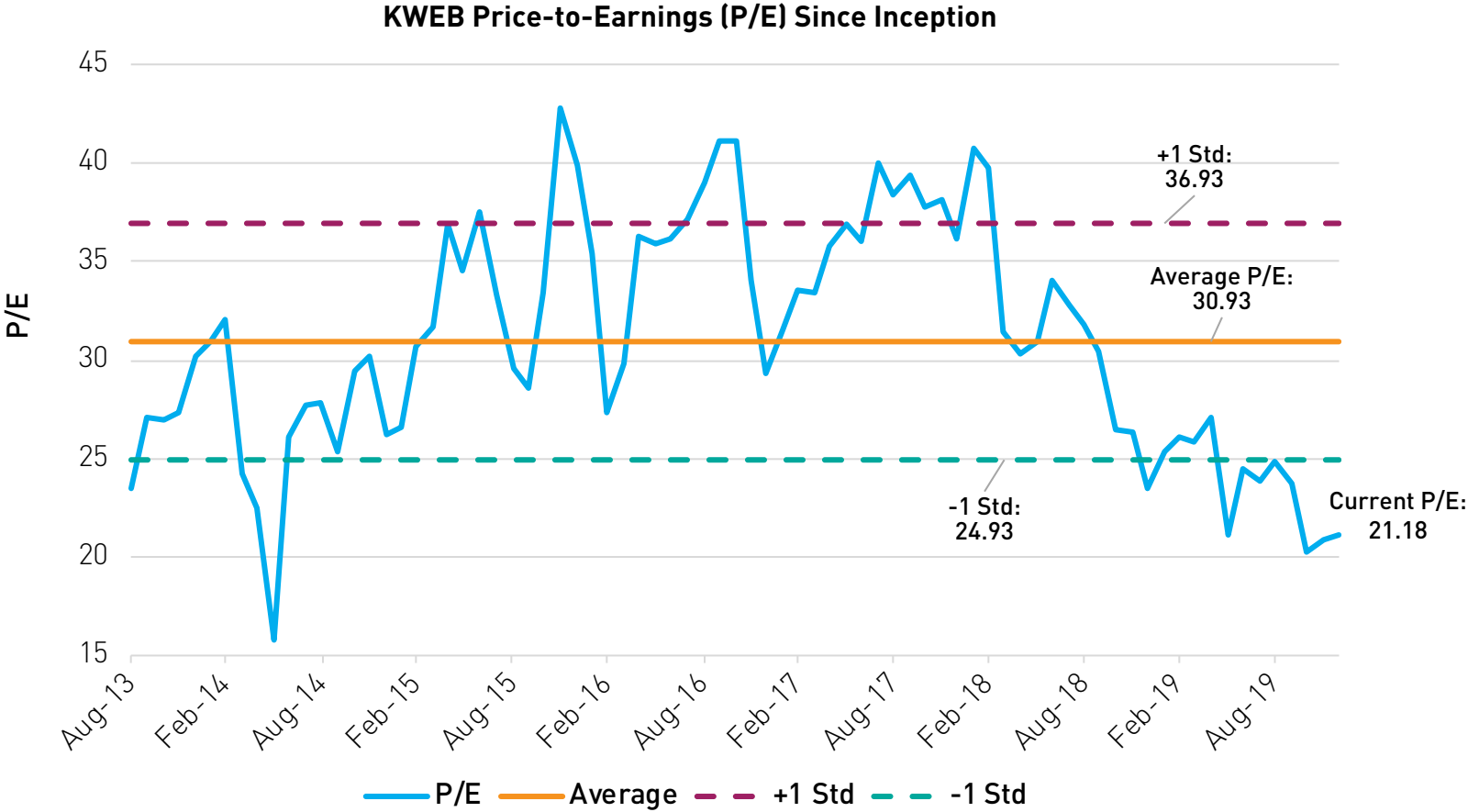
	Cumulative %			Average Annualized %			
	3 Mo	6 Mo	Since Inception 7/31/2013	1 Yr	3 Yr	5 Yr	Since Inception 7/31/2013
Fund NAV	17.58%	10.91%	107.57%	29.28%	13.34%	9.44%	12.05%
Closing Price	17.94%	10.78%	107.67%	29.95%	13.36%	9.48%	12.06%
Index	17.57%	11.02%	107.93%	29.21%	13.44%	9.78%	12.08%

The performance data quoted represents past performance. Past performance does not guarantee future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when sold or redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost and current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. For performance data current to the most recent month end, please visit [www.kraneshares.com](http://www.kraneshares.com)

Index returns are for illustrative purposes only. Index performance returns do not reflect any management fees, transaction costs or expenses. Indexes are unmanaged and one cannot invest directly in an index.

# KWEB's current valuation is well below its historic average.

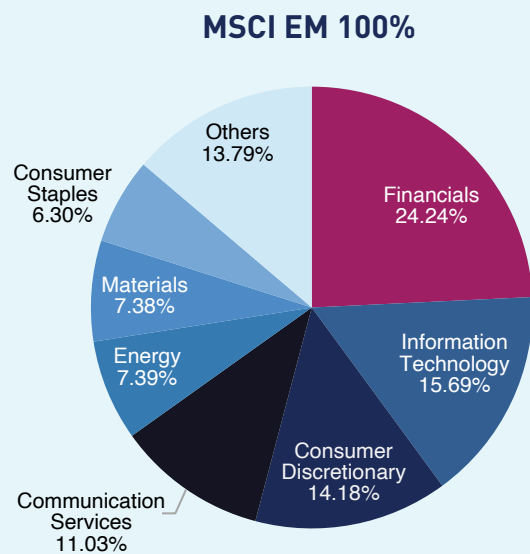
- Price-to-earnings ratio (P/E ratio) is a valuation metric that measures a security's current share price relative to its per-share earnings.
- KWEB's current P/E ratio of 21.18 is more than 1 Standard Deviation (Std) below its historic average, meaning KWEB is inexpensive relative to its average.



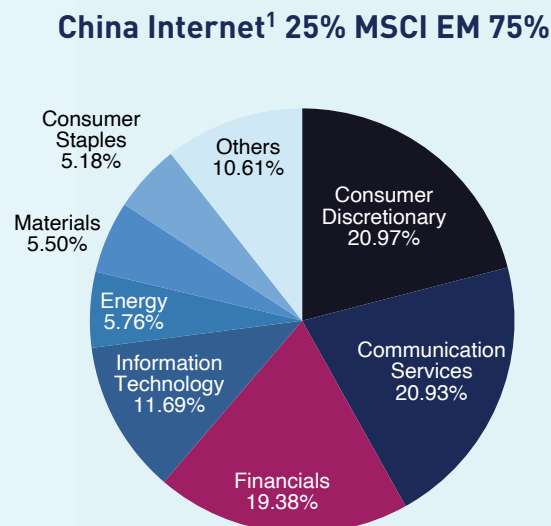
Data from Bloomberg as of 12/31/2019. Retrieved on 12/31/2019.  
 Standard deviation is a statistic that measures the dispersion of a dataset relative to its average.

## Adding a strategic China Internet allocation to EM portfolios can increase exposure to growth sectors.

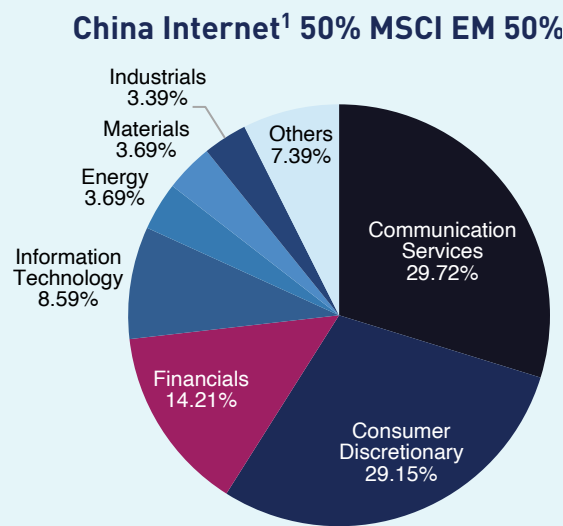
- Broad-based EM indexes often have greater weights to sectors such as financials and commodities and less exposure to growth sectors.<sup>2</sup>
- Investors may consider adding a strategic China Internet allocation to their current EM portfolio to achieve the sector exposure that matches their specific growth appetite.



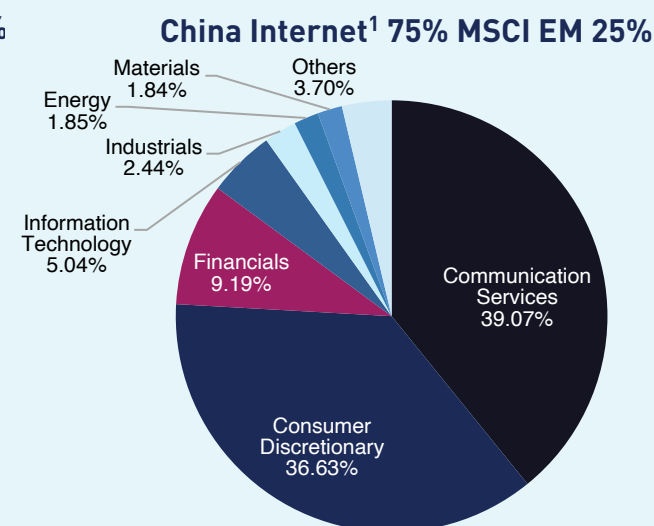
**% Weight of Growth Sectors<sup>2</sup>**  
49.05%



**% Weight of Growth Sectors<sup>2</sup>**  
60.66%



**% Weight of Growth Sectors<sup>2</sup>**  
72.28%



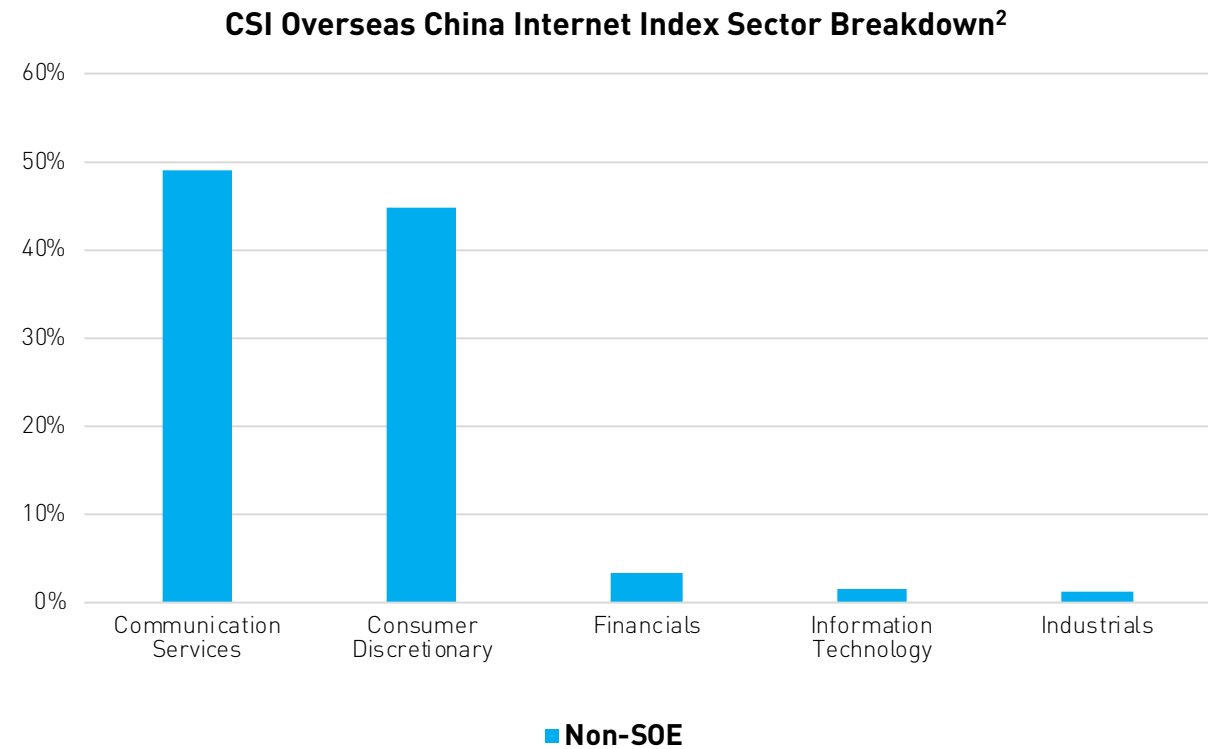
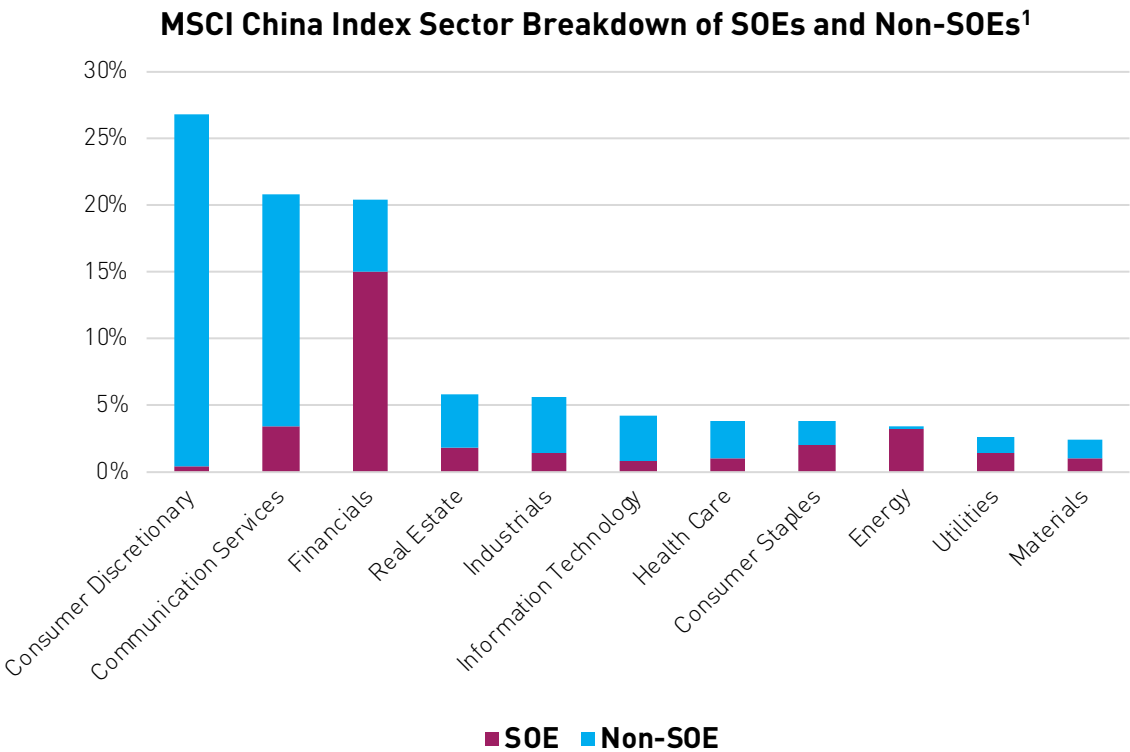
**% Weight of Growth Sectors<sup>2</sup>**  
83.89%

Information is hypothetical, and is provided for illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any particular investment.  
Data from Bloomberg as of 12/31/2019.

1. China Internet – CSI Overseas China Internet Index. See page 25 for index definitions.  
2. Growth sectors defined as the top 5 sectors by weight of the MSCI ACWI Growth Index as of 12/31/2019: Information Technology, Consumer Discretionary, Industrials, Health Care, and Communication Services

# Traditional China indexes have greater exposure to State-Owned Enterprises.

- State-Owned Enterprises are defined by MSCI as companies whose largest shareholder is a government entity or whose government ownership is over 20%.<sup>1</sup>
- The MSCI China Index has high exposure to SOEs which constitute 32.11% of the weight of the Index.<sup>1</sup>
- Sectors such as financials and energy have the highest concentration of State-Owned Enterprises.
- The CSI Overseas China Internet Index has no exposure to SOEs.

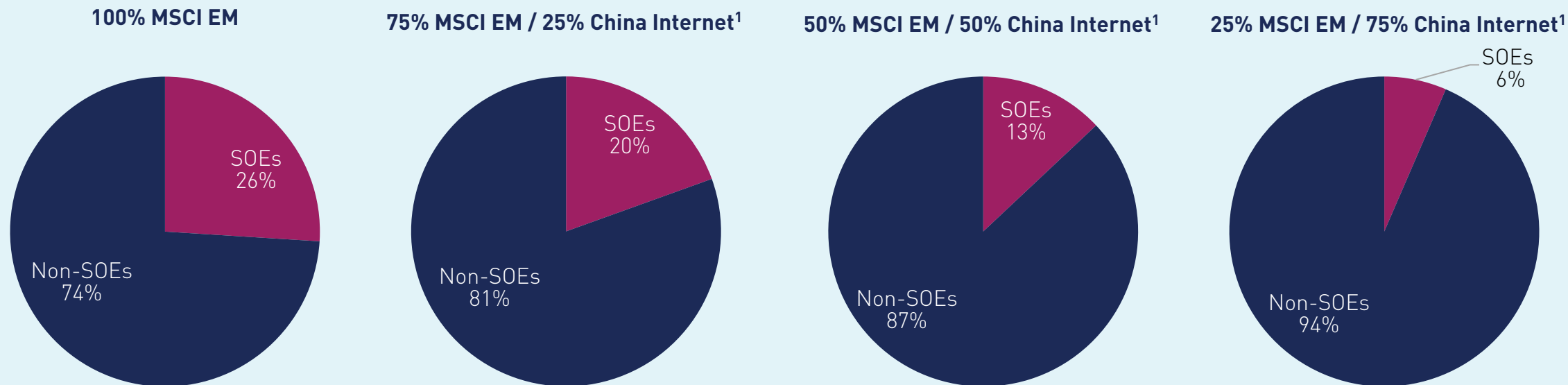


1.Data from MSCI and Bloomberg as of 12/31/2019. See page 25 for index definitions.

2.Data from CSI as of 12/31/2019.



## A strategic China Internet allocation can reduce exposure to State-Owned Enterprises.



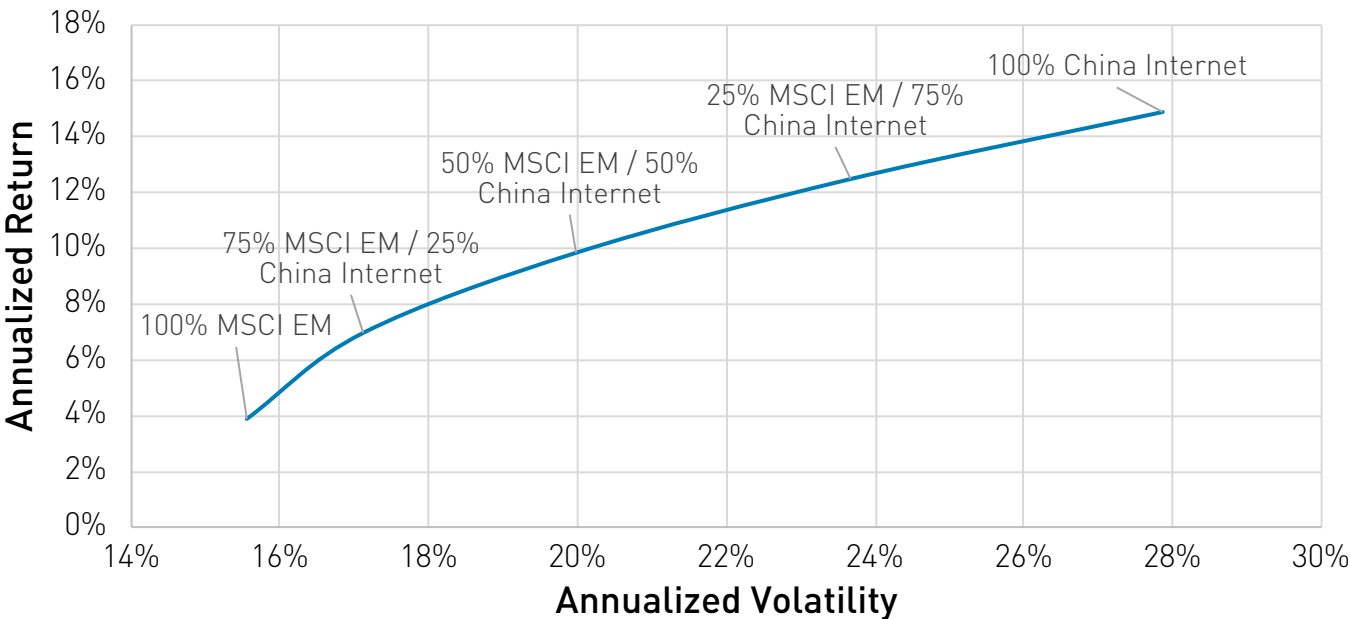
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Data from Callan and CSI as of 12/31/2019.

1.Data from CSI as of 12/31/2019. State-Owned Enterprises as defined by MSCI are companies whose largest shareholder is a government entity or whose government ownership is over 20%. China Internet – CSI Overseas China Internet Index. See page 25 for index definitions.

# Investors can adjust their strategic China Internet allocation within EM to match their specific risk-reward profile.

- China Internet is more volatile than EM broadly, but has provided superior annualized returns and improved Sharpe ratios since the inception of the CSI Overseas China Internet Index.

**Blended China Internet/ MSCI EM Index Hypothetical Portfolios  
Return and Volatility 2011-2019 (Since Inception)**



**Return and Volatility 2011-2019 (Since Inception)**

	100% MSCI EM	75% MSCI EM / 25% China Internet	50% MSCI EM / 50% China Internet	25% MSCI EM / 75% China Internet	100% China Internet
<b>Annualized Return</b>	3.88%	6.96%	9.84%	12.48%	14.89%
<b>Annualized Volatility</b>	15.6%	17.1%	20.0%	23.7%	27.9%
<b>Sharpe Ratio</b>	0.20	0.37	0.46	0.50	0.51

Information is hypothetical, and is provided for illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any particular investment

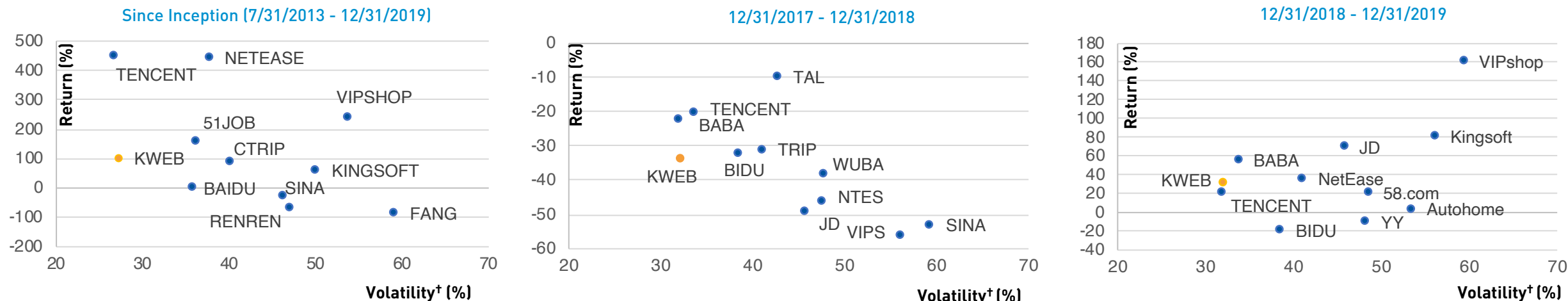
**Index returns are for illustrative purposes only and do not represent actual Fund performance. Index returns do not reflect any management fees, transaction costs or expenses. Indexes are unmanaged and one cannot invest directly in an index. Past performance does not guarantee future results.**

Data from Bloomberg as of 12/31/2019. See page 25 for index definitions.

Sharpe Ratio - used to help investors understand the return of an investment compared to its risk. Generally, the greater the value of the Sharpe ratio, the more attractive the risk-adjusted return.

KWEB's investment strategy provides a basket approach to China Internet sector which is aimed at potentially reducing volatility compared to individually held China Internet stocks.

Historical Return / Volatility of KWEB & Its Top Holdings Since KWEB Inception (7/31/2013) & The Past 2 Years



Top Ten Holdings as of 7/31/2013	Ticker	%
BAIDU INC - SPON ADR	BIDU	10.37
TENCENT HOLDINGS LTD	700 HK	9.62
CTRIP.COM INTERNATIONAL-ADR	CTRP	6.77
NETEASE INC-ADR	NTES	6.61
SINA CORP	SINA	4.83
VIPSHOP HOLDINGS LTD - ADR	VIPS	4.80
FANG HOLDINGS LTD - ADR	SFUN	4.28
KINGSOFT CORP LTD	3888 HK	3.97
RENREN INC-ADR	RENN	3.53
51JOB INC-ADR	JOBS	3.41

Top Ten Holdings as of 12/31/2018	Ticker	%
TENCENT HOLDINGS LTD	700 HK	10.15
ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING-SP ADR	BABA US	8.91
BAIDU INC - SPON ADR	BIDU US	7.71
MEITUAN DIANPING-CLASS B	3690 HK	6.98
NETEASE INC-ADR	NTES US	5.97
JD.COM INC-ADR	JD US	4.12
PINDUODUO INC-ADR	PDD US	4.09
58.COM INC-ADR	WUBA US	4.02
TRIP.COM GROUP LTD	TCOM US	3.85
TAL EDUCATION GROUP- ADR	TAL US	3.80

Top Ten Holdings as of 12/31/2019	Ticker	%
ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING-SP ADR	BABA US	10.00
TENCENT HOLDINGS LTD	700 HK	9.21
MEITUAN DIANPING-CLASS B	3690 HK	9.10
BAIDU INC - SPON ADR	BIDU US	8.60
JD.COM INC-ADR	JD US	5.29
TAL EDUCATION GROUP- ADR	TAL US	4.73
NETEASE INC-ADR	NTES US	4.58
TRIP.COM GROUP LTD	TCOM US	4.53
PINDUODUO INC-ADR	PDD US	4.08
VIPSHOP HOLDINGS LTD - ADR	VIPS US	3.81

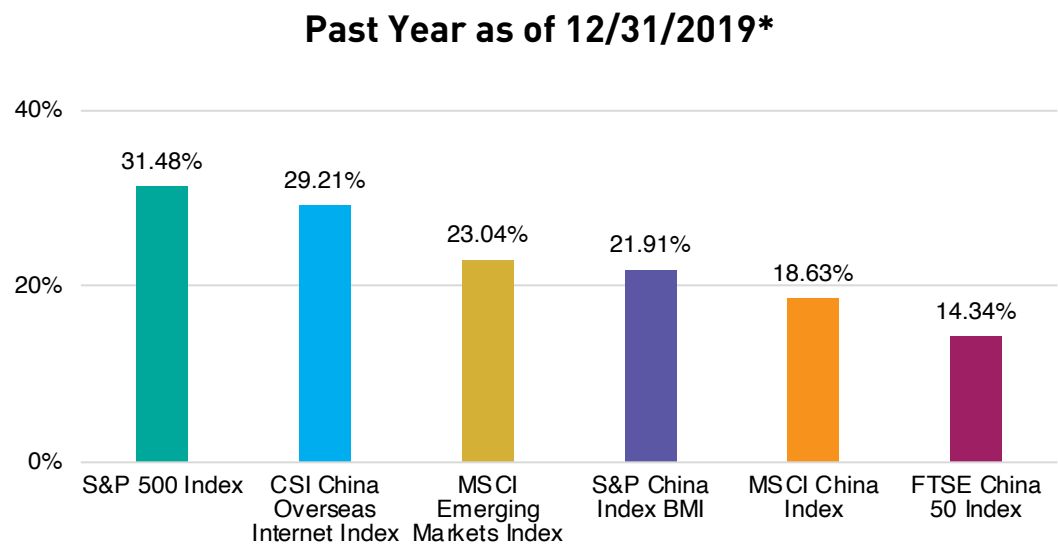
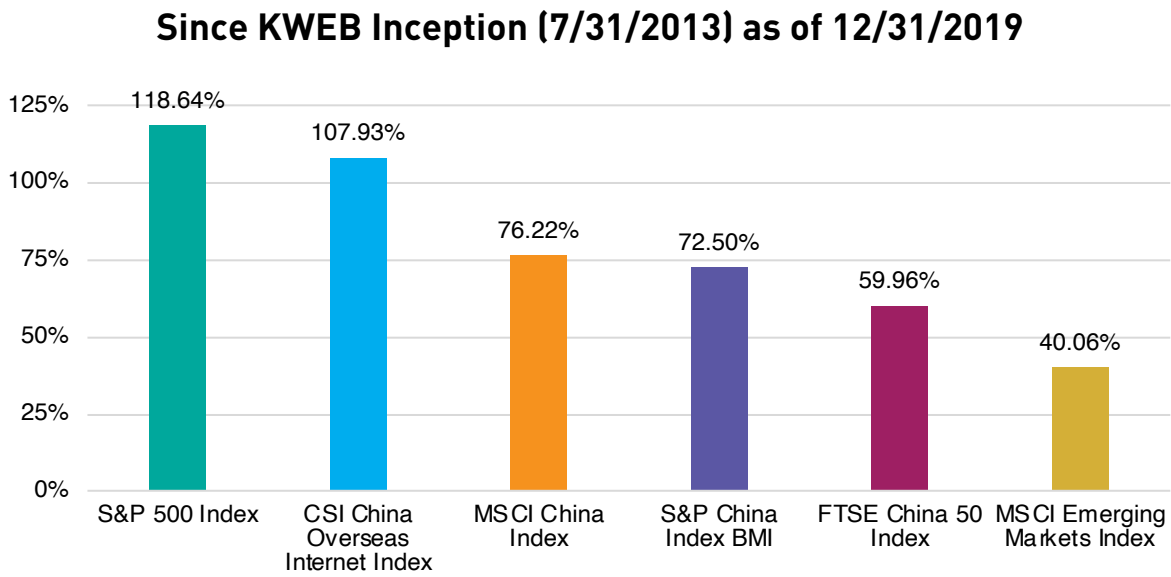
Data from Bloomberg as of 12/31/2019.

†Volatility: is the degree of variation of a trading price series over time as measured by the standard deviation of returns. Standard deviation: is a quantity calculated to indicate the extent of deviation for a group as a whole. A low standard deviation indicates that the data points tend to be close to the mean (also called the expected value) of the set, while a high standard deviation indicates that the data points are spread out over a wider range of values.

The performance data quoted represents past performance. Past performance does not guarantee future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when sold or redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost and current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted.

For performance data current to the most recent month end, please call +{1}855 8KRANE8 or visit our website at [www.kraneshares.com/kweb/](http://www.kraneshares.com/kweb/).

# China Internet performance compared to the U.S., Emerging Markets, & Other China Indexes



Total return gross dividend tax data from Bloomberg as of 12/31/2019. See page 17 for standard performance.

**\*Cumulative return is the aggregate amount that an investment has gained or lost over time.**

**The performance data quoted represents past performance. Past performance does not guarantee future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when sold or redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost and current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. For performance data current to the most recent month end, please visit [www.kraneshares.com](http://www.kraneshares.com)**

See page 25 for index definitions.

**Index returns are for illustrative purposes only. Index performance returns do not reflect any management fees, transaction costs or expenses. Indexes are unmanaged and one cannot invest directly in an index.**

The S&P 500 and MSCI Emerging Markets Indexes were chosen to represent the U.S. and broader emerging markets respectively because they are considered to be the industry standard bearers for representing these markets. The S&P China BMI, MSCI China and FTSE China 50 indexes were chosen because they are popular measures of the broad Chinese market and are helpful for illustrating how the Chinese technology sector performs relative to the Chinese markets as a whole.

## Important Notes

**Carefully consider the Funds' investment objectives, risk factors, charges and expenses before investing. This and additional information can be found in the Funds' full and summary prospectus, which may be obtained by visiting [www.kraneshares.com](http://www.kraneshares.com). Read the prospectus carefully before investing.**

ETF shares are not redeemable with the issuing fund other than in large Creation Unit aggregations. Instead, investors must buy or sell ETF Shares in the secondary market with the assistance of a stockbroker. In doing so, the investor may incur brokerage commissions and may pay more than net asset value (NAV) when buying and receive less than net asset value when selling. The NAV of the Fund's shares is calculated each day the national securities exchanges are open for trading as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), normally 4:00 P.M. Eastern time (the "NAV Calculation Time"). Shares are bought and sold at market price not NAV. Closing price returns are based on the midpoint of the bid/ask spread at 4:00 P.M. Eastern Time (when NAV is normally determined).

Investing involves risk, including possible loss of principal. There can be no assurance that a Fund will achieve its stated objectives. The Funds are subject to political, social or economic instability within China which may cause decline in value. Variable-interest entities (VIEs) do not give investors ownership in the operating company as stock does. The enforceability of the VIE structure is not guaranteed by Chinese law. Fluctuations in currency of foreign countries may have an adverse effect to domestic currency values. Emerging markets involve heightened risk related to the same factors as well as increase volatility and lower trading volume.

Narrowly focused investments typically exhibit higher volatility. Internet companies are subject to rapid changes in technology, worldwide competition, rapid obsolescence of products and services, loss of patent protections, evolving industry standards and frequent new product productions. Such changes may have an adverse impact on performance. The fund is non-diversified.

Although the information provided in this document has been obtained from sources which Krane Funds Advisors, LLC believes to be reliable, it does not guarantee accuracy of such information and such information may be incomplete or condensed.

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## Important Notes (continued)

**The S&P 500 Index:** is an American stock market index based on the market capitalizations of 500 large companies having common stock listed on the NYSE or NASDAQ. **The MSCI Emerging Markets Index:** captures large and mid cap representation across 23 Emerging Markets (EM) countries. With 834 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country. **FTSE China 50 Index:** is a real-time tradable index comprising 50 of the largest and most liquid Chinese stocks (H Shares, Red Chips and P Chips) listed and trading on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong (SEHK). **MSCI China Index:** The MSCI China Index captures large and mid cap representation across China H shares, B shares, Red chips and P chips. With 157 constituents, the index covers about 84% of this China equity universe. **S&P China BMI Index:** is a comprehensive benchmark that defines and measures the investable universe of publicly traded companies domiciled in China, but are legally available to foreign investors.

**Index returns are for illustrative purposes only. Index performance returns do not reflect any management fees, transaction costs or expenses. Indexes are unmanaged and one cannot invest directly in an index.**

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