KRANESHARES TRUST

Each series of KraneShares Trust listed in Appendix A
(each, a "Fund")

Supplement dated February 20, 2026
to the currently effective Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information,
as supplemented, for each Fund

This supplement provides new and additional information beyond that contained in each currently effective Prospectus and the Statement of Additional Information listed above and should be read in conjunction with the Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information.

Krane Funds Advisors, LLC ("**Krane**" or the "**Adviser**"), the investment adviser to each Fund, recently entered into an agreement whereby its officers and employees, among others, through KFA Two Holdings, LLC, will acquire a majority interest in the Adviser from China International Capital Corporation (USA) Holdings Inc., a wholly-owned, indirect subsidiary of China International Capital Corporation Limited (the "**Transaction**"). Pursuant to the requirements of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended ("**1940 Act**"), the closing of the Transaction will automatically terminate the current investment advisory agreement ("**Current IAA**") between Krane and the Trust, on behalf of each Fund, and for Funds that are sub-advised (as listed on Appendix B, the "**Sub-advised Funds**"), the investment sub-advisory agreement ("**Current Sub-IAAs**") between Krane and the relevant sub-adviser (as listed in Appendix B, "**Sub-advisers**").

In anticipation of the closing of the Transaction and to provide for a continuous investment program to the Funds, the Board of Trustees of the Funds ("**Board**") met at an in-person meeting on February 20, 2026 to review and consider a new investment advisory agreement between Krane and the Trust, on behalf of each Fund ("**New IAA**") and a new investment sub-advisory agreement for each of the Sub-advised Funds ("**New Sub-IAAs**"). At that meeting, the Board, including a majority of the members who are not "interested persons," as defined in the 1940 Act ("**Independent Trustees**"), unanimously approved a New IAA for each Fund and the New Sub-IAAs for the Sub-advised Funds. The terms of the New IAA and each New Sub-IAA are identical to the terms of the Current IAA and the relevant Sub-IAA, respectively, except as to their effective and termination dates.

The Board approved the new Sub-IAAs for the Sub-advised Funds with the Sub-advisers pursuant to a manager-of-managers exemptive order. This order permits Krane, subject to the approval of the Board, to appoint, terminate or replace a wholly-owned or unaffiliated sub-adviser without the need for shareholder approval. Accordingly, while shareholders of the Funds will be asked to approve the New IAA at a special meeting of each Fund's shareholders ("**Shareholder Meeting**"), shareholders of the Sub-advised Funds will not be asked to vote on the New Sub-IAAs at the Shareholder Meeting. In connection with the Shareholder Meeting, shareholders will receive a proxy statement that describes in greater detail the terms of the New IAA.

The closing of the Transaction is conditioned upon, among other matters, the vote of a majority of the outstanding shares of certain Funds approving the New IAA. In order to seek to ensure the continuity of management of the operational Funds in the event that the requisite vote is not obtained by the time the Transaction closes, the Board, including a majority of the Independent Trustees, unanimously approved an interim investment advisory agreement ("**Interim IAA**") between Krane and the Trust, on behalf of the Funds, pursuant to Rule 15a-4(b)(2) under the 1940 Act, and interim sub-advisory agreements ("**Interim Sub-IAAs**") between Krane and the Sub-advisers, pursuant to Rule 15a-4(b)(1), to become effective upon the closing of the Transaction. The terms of the Interim IAA and each Interim Sub-IAAs are identical to the terms of the Current IAA and the relevant Sub-IAA, respectively, except as required by law and the effective date. The Interim IAA and Sub-IAAs may remain in effect for up to 150 days after the closing of the Transaction, allowing such Funds to continue soliciting shareholders to approve the New IAA.

APPENDIX A

KraneShares 100% KWEB Defined Outcome January 2027 ETF (KPRO)
KraneShares 2x Long ASML Daily ETF (KASM)*
KraneShares 2X Long BABA Daily ETF (KBAB)
KraneShares 2X Long BIDU Daily ETF (KBDU)
KraneShares 2x Long GRAB Daily ETF (KGRB)*
KraneShares 2X Long JD Daily ETF (KJD)
KraneShares 2X Long MELI Daily ETF (KMLI)
KraneShares 2X Long PDD Daily ETF (KPDD)
KraneShares 2x Long SE Daily ETF (KSE)*
KraneShares 2x Long TSM Daily ETF (KTSM)*
KraneShares 90% KWEB Defined Outcome January 2027 ETF (KBUF)
KraneShares Artificial Intelligence and Technology ETF (AGIX)
KraneShares Asia Pacific High Income USD Bond ETF (KHYB)
KraneShares California Carbon Allowance Strategy ETF (KCCA)
KraneShares China Alpha Index ETF (KCAI)
KraneShares CSI China Internet ETF (KWEB)
KraneShares Dragon Capital Vietnam Growth Index ETF (KPHO)
KraneShares Eastern US Carbon Strategy ETF (KRGI)*
KraneShares Electric Vehicles and Future Mobility Index ETF (KARS)
KraneShares Emerging Markets Consumer Technology Index ETF (KEMQ)
KraneShares Global Carbon Strategy ETF (KRBN)
KraneShares Global EM Revenue Leaders Index ETF (KREV)*
KraneShares Global Humanoid and Embodied Intelligence Index ETF (KOID)
KraneShares Hang Seng TECH Index ETF (KTEC)
KraneShares Hedgeye Hedged Equity Index ETF (KSPY)
KraneShares InspereX Nasdaq Dynamic Buffered High Income Index ETF (KIQQ)
KraneShares KWEB Covered Call Strategy ETF (KLIP)
KraneShares Man Buyout Beta Index ETF (BUYO)
KraneShares Mount Lucas Managed Futures Index Strategy ETF (KMLM)
KraneShares MSCI All China Health Care Index ETF (KURE)
KraneShares MSCI China A Hedged Index ETF (KBAH)*
KraneShares MSCI China Clean Technology Index ETF (KGRN)
KraneShares MSCI Emerging Markets ex China Index ETF (KEMX)
KraneShares MSCI One Belt One Road Index ETF (OBOR)
KraneShares SSE STAR Market 50 Index ETF (KSTR)
KraneShares Sustainable Ultra Short Duration Index ETF (KCSH)
KraneShares Value Line® Dynamic Dividend Equity Index ETF (KVLE)
KraneShares Wahed Alternative Income Index ETF (KWIN)
Quadratic Deflation ETF (BNDD)
Quadratic Interest Rate Volatility and Inflation Hedge ETF (IVOL)

* Funds are effective but not operational.

APPENDIX B

Fund	Sub-Adviser
KraneShares Asia Pacific High Income USD Bond ETF	Amova Asset Management Americas, Inc. 605 Third Avenue, 38th Floor New York, New York 10158
KraneShares SSE STAR Market 50 Index ETF	Bosera Asset Management (International) Co., Ltd. Jardine House, Suite 4109 One Connaught Place, Central, Hong Kong
KraneShares Global Carbon Strategy ETF KraneShares California Carbon Allowance Strategy ETF	Climate Finance Partners LLC 1000 N. West Street, Suite 1200, Wilmington, Delaware 19801
KraneShares Dragon Capital Vietnam Growth Index ETF	Dragon Capital Management (HK) Limited Unit 2406, 24/F. 9 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong,
KraneShares Artificial Intelligence and Technology ETF	Etna Capital Management Company Ltd 1532 Nexxus Building, Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong
KraneShares Hedgeye Hedged Equity Index ETF	Hedgeye Asset Management, LLC 1 High Ridge Park, Third Floor, Stamford, Connecticut 06905
KraneShares Mount Lucas Managed Futures Index Strategy ETF	Mount Lucas Index Advisers LLC 405 South State Street Newtown, Pennsylvania 18940
KraneShares Man Buyout Beta Index ETF	Numeric Investors LLC 200 Pier 4 Boulevard, Fifth Floor Boston, Massachusetts 02210
Quadratic Interest Rate Volatility and Inflation Hedge ETF Quadratic Deflation ETF	Quadratic Capital Management LLC 39 Lewis Street, Fourth Floor Greenwich, Connecticut 06830
KraneShares Wahed Alternative Income Index ETF	Wahed Invest LLC 27 East 28th Street, 8th Floor New York, New York 10016

PLEASE RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

KRANESHARES TRUST

KraneShares Artificial Intelligence and Technology ETF
(the "Fund")

Supplement dated September 9, 2025 to the currently effective Summary Prospectus, Statutory Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, as each may be supplemented, for the Fund

This supplement provides new and additional information beyond that contained in the currently effective Summary Prospectus, Statutory Prospectus (together, the "Prospectus") and Statement of Additional Information and should be read in conjunction with the Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information dated August 1, 2025.

Effective immediately, Mr. Solomon Bier no longer serves as a portfolio manager of the Fund and all references to Mr. Bier in the Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information are removed in their entirety.

Messrs. James Maund and Jonathan Shelon from Krane Funds Advisors, LLC and Mr. Max Chen from Etna Capital Management Company Ltd will continue as the portfolio managers of the Fund.

PLEASE RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

KraneShares™

Summary Prospectus

KraneShares Artificial Intelligence and Technology ETF

Principal Listing Exchange for the Fund: NASDAQ Stock Market LLC
Ticker Symbol: **AGIX**

August 1, 2025

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's Prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's Prospectus, Statement of Additional Information, recent reports to shareholders and other information about the Fund online at *www.kraneshares.com.* You can also get this information at no cost by calling 1-855-857-2638, by sending an e-mail request to *KraneFunds@seic.com* or by asking any financial intermediary that offers shares of the Fund. The Fund's Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, each dated August 1, 2025, as each may be amended or supplemented from time to time, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus and may be obtained, free of charge, at the website, phone number or email address noted above.

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks growth of capital.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and examples below.**

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)	None
Annual Fund Operating Expenses	
(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
Management Fees	0.99%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees*	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.00%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.99%

* *Pursuant to a Distribution Plan, the Fund may bear a Rule 12b-1 fee not to exceed 0.25% per year of the Fund's average daily net assets. However, no such fee is currently paid by the Fund, and the Board of Trustees has not currently approved the commencement of any payments under the Distribution Plan.*

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. The Example assumes that you invest $10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, whether you do or do not sell your shares, your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
$101	$315	$547	$1,213

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in the Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. For the period July 17, 2024 to March 31, 2025, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 49% of the average value of its portfolio. This rate excludes the value of portfolio securities received or delivered as a result of in-kind creations or redemptions of the Fund's shares.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in securities of "Artificial Intelligence ("AI") and Technology" companies and other instruments that have economic characteristics similar to such securities. The Fund considers a company to be an "AI and Technology" company if it is classified in the Technology economy within the FactSet Revere Business Industry Classification system ("RBICS"), which requires a company to generate at least 50% of its revenue from within the Technology economy, and has an AI Exposure Score greater than zero. An "AI and Technology" company will generally operate in the following

industries as categorized by RBICS: computer peripherals, data processing services, information technology services, internet retail, internet software/services, packaged software, semiconductors, or telecommunications equipment. An AI Exposure Score is a proprietary score used by the Underlying Index (as defined below) that attempts to quantify the exposure of a company with regards to AI. It is measured in a range from 0 (no exposure) to 5 (highest exposure) and is based on the company's public business descriptions, public filings, press releases, and financial disclosures that directly indicate involvement in AI-related business or the incorporation of AI technologies into their key operations, offerings and research and development activities.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests principally in instruments in the Solactive Etna Artificial General Intelligence Index (the "Underlying Index") and, with respect to these investments in instruments in the Underlying Index, the Fund seeks to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, track the performance of the Underlying Index. The Fund also will invest in securities of private companies with exposure to AI businesses, which are not securities included in the Underlying Index, if it is able to find what it believes to be an attractive investment opportunity.

The Underlying Index is a modified, free float adjusted market capitalization weighted index designed to measure the equity performance of companies in developed markets with exposure to AI businesses. Solactive AG ("Index Provider") defines developed countries as the following countries: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Singapore, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, United Kingdom, or United States.

To be eligible for inclusion in the Underlying Index, a security must meet the following criteria:

(1) a constituent of the Solactive GBS Global Markets All Cap USD Index PR;

(2) issued by a company with a minimum free float market capitalization of at least $2 billion;

(3) listed for at least one month and have a minimum average daily trading volume of $2 million as measured over the last one-month and six-month periods;

(4) classified by the FactSet Revere Business Industry Classification system ("RBICS") as being in biotechnology, computer peripherals, data processing services, information technology services, internet retail, internet software/services, motor vehicles, packaged software, semiconductors, or telecommunications equipment; and

(5) have an AI Exposure Score (as discussed below) greater than zero.

The issuers included in the Underlying Index may include small-cap, mid-cap and large-cap companies.

The Sub-Adviser (as defined below) assigns each eligible security a proprietary AI Exposure Score from zero to five on a quarterly basis and the Index Provider categorizes each security into one of three categories: AI Applications, AI Hardware, or AI Infrastructure. The AI Hardware category includes semiconductor and data center companies that power the training of large language models; the AI Infrastructure category includes companies that provide cloud, security and data management for large language models; and the AI Applications category includes companies that leverage AI technologies within their business models, products and services to drive efficiencies cost savings, new revenue streams or improved customer experience services.

The Underlying Index is weighted such that no more than 40% of the Underlying Index is composed of securities within each category. Within each category, each constituent's weight is determined by a combination of the security's AI Exposure Score and the security's free-float market capitalization subject to a maximum weight of 10% and a minimum weight of 0.5%. If any weights above 5% add up to more than 50% of the Underlying Index, the Index Provider will cap such weights at 10%, 9%, 8%, 7%, 6% and 4.5%, accordingly. The Underlying Index is rebalanced and reconstituted quarterly. The Index Provider is not affiliated with the Fund, the Fund's investment adviser, Krane Funds Advisors, LLC ("Krane" or "Adviser"), or the Fund's sub-adviser, Etna Capital Management Company Ltd. ("Etna" or "Sub-Adviser").

The Fund may invest in instruments that are not included in the Underlying Index. These investments may include equity securities and depositary receipts of issuers whose securities are not constituents of the Underlying Index, derivative instruments (including swaps, futures, forwards, structured notes and options), other investment companies (including exchange traded funds or "ETFs") and cash or cash equivalents (including money market funds). Certain other investment companies in which the Fund may invest may be advised, sponsored or otherwise serviced by Krane and/or its affiliates.

Although the Fund expects to replicate (or hold all components of) the Underlying Index, the Fund reserves the right to use representative sampling for the portion of the Fund that tracks the Underlying Index. "Representative sampling" is a strategy that involves investing in a representative sample of securities that collectively have an investment profile similar to the Underlying Index.

As of May 31, 2025, the Underlying Index included 44 securities of companies with a market capitalization range of approximately $8 billion to $3 trillion and an average market capitalization of approximately $516 billion. The Fund is non-diversified. To the extent the Underlying Index is concentrated in a particular industry, the Fund is expected to be concentrated in that industry. As of May 31, 2025, issuers in the Information Technology sector (82%) represented a significant portion of the Underlying Index.

The Fund will invest in the securities of private companies with exposure to AI businesses, if it is able to find what it believes to be an attractive investment opportunity. In selecting securities of private companies, the Sub-Adviser looks for companies with exposure to AI businesses that are similar to companies in the Underlying Index that may be preparing for an initial public offering. However, the Sub-Adviser may also invest in companies in earlier stages of development.

The Fund may engage in securities lending.

Principal Risks

As with all ETFs, a shareholder of the Fund is subject to the risk that his or her investment could lose money. The Fund may not achieve its investment objective and an investment in the Fund is not by itself a complete or balanced investment program. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit with a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. An investment in the Fund involves the risk of total loss. In addition to these risks, the Fund is subject to a number of additional principal risks that may affect the Fund's performance, net asset value ("NAV") and trading price, including:

Artificial Intelligence and Technology Risk. "AI and Technology" companies typically have high research and capital expenditures and, as a result, their profitability can vary widely, if they are profitable at all. The space in which they are engaged is highly competitive and issuers' products and services may become obsolete very quickly. These companies are heavily dependent on intellectual property rights and may be adversely affected by loss or impairment of those rights. The issuers

are also subject to legal, regulatory and political changes that may have a large impact on their profitability. A failure in an issuer's product or even questions about the safety of the product could be devastating to the issuer, especially if it is the marquee product of the issuer. It can be difficult to accurately capture what qualifies as an AI and Technology company.

Certain AI and Technology companies may face special risks that their products or services may not prove to be commercially successful. Such companies are also strongly affected by worldwide scientific or technological developments. As a result, their products may rapidly become obsolete. Such companies are also often subject to governmental regulation and may, therefore, be adversely affected by governmental policies. In addition, certain of such companies in which the Fund may invest may not currently be profitable and there can be no assurance that such companies will be profitable in the future.

Foreign Securities Risk. Investments in securities of non-U.S. issuers may be less liquid than investments in U.S. issuers, may have less governmental regulation and oversight, and are typically subject to different investor protection standards than U.S. issuers. Investments in non-U.S. securities entail the risk of loss due to foreign currency fluctuations, political or economic instability, less complete financial information about the issuers, the possible imposition of withholding or confiscatory taxes, the possible seizure or nationalization of foreign holdings, and the possible establishment of exchange controls or freezes on the convertibility of currency. Foreign market trading hours, clearance and settlement procedures, and holiday schedules may limit the Fund's ability to buy and sell securities. Additionally, foreign issuers may be subject to different accounting, auditing, recordkeeping, and financial reporting requirements. Securities of issuers traded on foreign exchanges may be suspended, either by the issuers themselves, by an exchange or by governmental authorities. If the Fund holds positions in such suspended securities, the Fund may be adversely impacted. Certain countries in which the Fund may invest may be subject to extended settlement delays and/or foreign holidays, during which the Fund will unlikely be able to convert holdings to cash. All of these factors could result in a loss to the Fund.

Equity Securities Risk. The values of equity securities are subject to factors such as market fluctuations, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in stock prices. Equity securities are subject to volatile changes in value and their values may be more volatile than other asset classes. In the event of liquidation, equity securities are generally subordinate in rank to debt and other securities of the same issuer.

Privately-Issued Securities Risk. The Fund may invest in privately-issued securities, including those that are normally purchased pursuant to Rule 144A or Regulation S promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Privately-issued securities are securities that have not been registered under the Securities Act and as a result are subject to legal restrictions on resale. Privately-issued securities are not traded on established markets and may be less liquid, difficult to value and subject to wide fluctuations in value. Delay or difficulty in selling such securities may result in a loss to the Fund. In addition, transaction costs may be higher for privately-issued securities than for more liquid securities. The Fund may have to bear the expense of registering privately-issued securities for resale and the risk of substantial delays in effecting the registration.

Private Company Risk. Investments in private companies involve greater risks than investments in securities of companies that have traded publicly on an exchange for extended periods of time. Investments in these companies are generally less liquid than investments in securities issued by public companies and may be difficult for the Fund to value. Compared to public companies, private companies may have a more limited management group and limited operating histories with

narrower, less established product lines and smaller market shares, which may cause them to be more vulnerable to competitors' actions, market conditions and consumer sentiment with respect to their products or services, as well as general economic downturns. In addition, private companies may have limited financial resources and may be unable to meet their obligations. The Fund may only have limited access to a private company's actual financial results and there is no assurance that the information obtained by the Fund is reliable. These companies may not ever issue shares in an initial public offering ("IPO") and a liquid market for their shares may never develop, which could adversely affect the Fund's liquidity. If the company does issue shares in an IPO, IPOs are risky and volatile and may cause the value of the Fund's investment to decrease significantly. Moreover, because securities issued by private companies are generally not freely or publicly tradable, the Fund may not have the opportunity to purchase, or the ability to sell, these securities in the amounts, or at the prices, the Fund desires.

IPO Risk. Securities issued in IPOs have no trading history, and information about the companies may be available for very limited periods. In addition, the prices of securities sold in IPOs may be highly volatile. At any particular time or from time to time, the Fund may not be able to invest in securities issued in IPOs, or invest to the extent desired, because, for example, only a small portion (if any) of the securities being offered in an IPO may be available to the Fund. In addition, as the Fund increases in size, the impact of IPOs on the Fund's performance will generally decrease.

Concentration Risk. The Fund's assets are expected to be concentrated in an industry or group of industries to the extent that the Underlying Index concentrates in a particular industry or group of industries. The securities of companies in an industry or group of industries could react similarly to market developments. Thus, the Fund is subject to loss due to adverse occurrences that affect one industry or group of industries or sector While the Fund's sector and industry exposure is expected to vary over time based on the composition of the Underlying Index, the Fund is currently subject to the principal risks described below.

Information Technology Sector Risk. Market or economic factors impacting information technology companies and companies that rely heavily on technology advances could have a major effect on the value of stocks in the information technology sector. The value of stocks of technology companies and companies that rely heavily on technology is particularly vulnerable to rapid changes in technology product cycles, rapid product obsolescence, government regulation and competition, both domestically and internationally, including competition from competitors with lower production costs. Information technology companies and companies that rely heavily on technology, especially those of smaller, less-seasoned companies, tend to be more volatile than the overall market. Information technology companies are heavily dependent on patent and intellectual property rights, the loss or impairment of which may adversely affect profitability. Additionally, companies in the information technology sector may face dramatic and often unpredictable changes in growth rates and competition for the services of qualified personnel.

Currency Risk. To the extent that the Fund is exposed directly or indirectly to foreign currencies, including through its investments, or invests in securities or other instruments denominated in or indexed to foreign currencies, changes in currency exchange rates could adversely impact investment gains or add to investment losses. Currency exchange rates may fluctuate significantly over short periods of time and can be affected unpredictably by intervention, or failure to intervene, by U.S. or foreign governments or central banks or by currency controls or political developments in the U.S. or abroad. The Fund may also be subject to delays in converting or transferring U.S. dollars to foreign currencies and vice versa. This may adversely affect the Fund's performance.

Non-Diversified Fund Risk. Because the Fund is non-diversified and may invest a greater portion of its assets in fewer issuers than a diversified fund, changes in the market value of a single portfolio holding could cause greater fluctuations in the Fund's share price than would occur in a diversified fund. This may increase the Fund's volatility and cause the performance of a single portfolio holding or a relatively small number of portfolio holdings to have a greater impact on the Fund's performance.

ETF Risk. As an ETF, the Fund is subject to the following risks:

Authorized Participants Concentration Risk. The Fund has a limited number of financial institutions that may act as Authorized Participants. To the extent they exit the business or are otherwise unable to proceed in creation and redemption transactions with the Fund and no other Authorized Participant is able to step forward to create or redeem, shares of the Fund may be more likely to trade at a premium or discount to NAV and possibly face trading halts or delisting. Authorized Participant concentration risk may be heightened for ETFs, such as the Fund, that invest in securities issued by non-U.S. issuers or other securities or instruments that have lower trading volumes.

International Closed Market Trading Risk. To the extent the Fund's investments trade in markets that are closed when the Fund and Exchange are open, there are likely to be deviations between current pricing of an underlying security and the prices at which the underlying securities are valued for purposes of the Fund's NAV. As a result, Shares may appear to trade at a significant discount or premium to NAV greater than those incurred by other ETFs. In addition, shareholders may not be able to purchase or redeem their shares of the Fund, or purchase or sell shares of the Fund on the Exchange, on days when the NAV of the Fund could be significantly affected by events in the relevant non-U.S. markets.

New Fund Risk. If the Fund does not grow in size, it will be at greater risk than larger funds of wider bid-ask spreads for its shares, trading at a greater premium or discount to NAV, liquidation and/or a stop to trading.

Premium/Discount Risk. There may be times when the market price of the Fund's shares is more than the NAV intra-day (at a premium) or less than the NAV intra-day (at a discount). As a result, shareholders of the Fund may pay more than NAV when purchasing shares and receive less than NAV when selling Fund shares. This risk is heightened in times of market volatility or periods of steep market declines. In such market conditions, market or stop loss orders to sell Fund shares may be executed at prices well below NAV.

Secondary Market Trading Risk. Investors buying or selling shares in the secondary market will normally pay brokerage commissions, which are often a fixed amount and may be a significant proportional cost for investors buying or selling relatively small amounts of shares. Secondary market trading is subject to bid-ask spreads and trading in Fund shares may be halted by the Exchange because of market conditions or other reasons. If a trading halt occurs, a shareholder may temporarily be unable to purchase or sell shares of the Fund. In addition, although the Fund's shares are listed on the Exchange, there can be no assurance that an active trading market for shares will develop or be maintained or that the Fund's shares will continue to be listed.

Liquidity Risk. The Fund's investments are subject to liquidity risk, which exists when an investment is or becomes difficult or impossible to purchase or sell at an advantageous time and price. If a transaction is particularly large or if the relevant market is or becomes illiquid, it may not be possible to initiate a transaction or liquidate a position, which may cause the Fund to suffer significant losses and difficulties in meeting redemptions. Liquidity risk may be the result of, among other things,

market turmoil, the reduced number and capacity of traditional market participants, or the lack of an active trading market. Markets for securities or financial instruments could be disrupted by a number of events, including, but not limited to, an economic crisis, natural disasters, new legislation or regulatory changes inside or outside the U.S. Liquid investments may become less liquid after being purchased by the Fund, particularly during periods of market stress. In addition, if a number of securities held by the Fund stop trading, it may have a cascading effect and cause the Fund to halt trading. Volatility in market prices will increase the risk of the Fund being subject to a trading halt.

Passive Investment and Index Risk. There is no guarantee that the Underlying Index will create the desired exposure. It does not seek to "beat" the Underlying Index or take temporary defensive positions when markets decline. Therefore, the Fund may purchase or hold securities with current or projected underperformance.

There is no guarantee that the methodology the Index Provider uses to identify constituents for the Underlying Index will achieve its intended result or provide an accurate assessment of included constituents. The Underlying Index relies on various sources of information to assess the potential constituents of the Underlying Index, including information that may be based on assumptions or estimates. Neither the Fund nor Krane can offer assurances that the Index Provider's sources of information are reliable. There can be no guarantee that the methodology underlying the Underlying Index, the Underlying Index construction and computation processes, or the daily calculation of the Underlying Index or its methodology will be free from error or that an error will be identified and/or corrected, which may have an adverse impact on the Fund.

Management Risk. The Fund's investment in private companies is actively-managed and the Fund may not meet its investment objective based on Krane's or the sub-adviser's, as applicable, success or failure to implement investment strategies for the Fund for these investments. Krane's or the sub-adviser's, as applicable, evaluations and assumptions regarding these investments may not successfully achieve the Fund's investment objective given actual market conditions. Furthermore, for the portion of the Fund's assets invested in the Underlying Index, the Fund may not fully replicate the Underlying Index and may hold less than the total number of securities in the Underlying Index. Therefore, the Fund is subject to the risk that Krane's security selection process may not produce the intended results.

Tracking Error Risk. For the portion of the Fund's assets invested in the Underlying Index, the Fund's return for this portion may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Underlying Index. This may be due to, among other factors, the Fund holding cash under certain circumstances in lieu of Underlying Index securities, such as when the Fund is subject to delays converting U.S. dollars into a foreign currency to purchase foreign securities and unable to invest in certain constituents of the Underlying Index due to regulatory constraints, trading suspensions, and legal restrictions imposed by foreign governments. To the extent that the Fund employs a representative sampling strategy or calculates its NAV based on fair value prices and the value of the Underlying Index is based on securities' closing prices on local foreign markets, the Fund's ability to track the Underlying Index may be adversely affected.

Large Capitalization Company Risk. Large capitalization companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges and attain the high growth rate of successful smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion. As such, returns on investments in stocks of large capitalization companies could trail the returns on investments in stocks of small and mid capitalization companies.

Small- and Mid-Capitalization Company Risk. Investing in the securities of small and medium capitalization companies involves greater risk and the possibility of greater price volatility than investing in larger capitalization companies. Since small and medium-sized companies may have limited operating histories, product lines and financial resources, the securities of these companies may be less liquid and more volatile. They may also be sensitive to (expected) changes in interest rates and earnings.

Market Risk. The values of the Fund's holdings could decline generally or could underperform other investments. In addition, there is a risk that policy changes by the U.S. Government, Federal Reserve, and/or other government actors, including those in foreign countries, or changes in global trade relationships could cause volatility in global financial markets, negative sentiment and higher levels of Fund redemptions, which could have a negative impact on the Fund and could result in losses. Geopolitical and other risks, including environmental and public health risks may add to instability in world economies and markets generally. Changes in value may be temporary or may last for extended periods and can occur suddenly and unexpectedly. Further, the Fund is susceptible to the risk that certain investments may be difficult or impossible to sell at a favorable time or price. Market developments may also cause the Fund's investments to become less liquid and subject to erratic price movements.

Valuation Risk. Independent market quotations for certain investments held by the Fund may not be readily available, and such investments may be fair valued or valued by a pricing service at an evaluated price. These valuations involve subjectivity and different market participants may assign different prices to the same investment. As a result, there is a risk that the Fund may not be able to sell an investment at the price assigned to the investment by the Fund. Such differences could be significant, particularly for illiquid securities and securities that trade in relatively thin markets and/or markets that experience extreme volatility. In addition, the securities in which the Fund invests may trade on days that the Fund does not price its shares; as a result, the value of Fund shares may change on days when investors cannot purchase or sell their Fund holdings.

Large Shareholder Risk. To the extent a large number of shares of the Fund is held by a single shareholder or a small group of shareholders, the Fund is subject to the risk that redemption by those shareholders of all or a large portion of their shares will adversely affect the Fund's performance by forcing the Fund to sell securities, potentially at disadvantageous prices, to raise the cash needed to satisfy such redemption requests. This risk may be heightened during periods of declining or illiquid markets, or to the extent that such large shareholders have short investment horizons or unpredictable cash flow needs. Such redemptions may also increase transaction costs and/or have adverse tax consequences for remaining shareholders.

Investments in Investment Companies Risk. The Fund may invest in other investment companies, including those advised, sponsored or otherwise serviced by Krane and/or its affiliates. The Fund will indirectly be exposed to the risks of investments by such funds and will incur its pro rata share of the underlying fund's expenses. Additionally, investments in ETFs are subject to ETF Risk. Krane is subject to conflicts of interest in allocating Fund assets to investment companies that are advised, sponsored or otherwise serviced by Krane and/or its affiliates. To the extent that the Fund invests in investment companies or other pooled investment vehicles that are not registered pursuant to the 1940 Act, it will not enjoy the protections of the U.S. law.

Tax Risk. In order to qualify for the favorable tax treatment available to regulated investment companies, the Fund must satisfy certain income, asset diversification and distribution requirements each year. The Fund's investments in issuers whose control persons are not certain creates a risk that tax authorities may retrospectively deem the Fund to have failed the asset diversification requirements. If the Fund were to fail the favorable tax treatment requirements, it would be taxed in the same manner as an ordinary corporation, which would adversely affect its performance.

Depositary Receipts Risk. The Fund may hold the securities of foreign companies in the form of depositary receipts, including American Depositary Receipts and Global Depositary Receipts. Investing in depositary receipts entails the risks associated with foreign investments, such as fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and political and economic risks distinct from those associated with investing in the securities of U.S. issuers. In addition, the value of the securities underlying the depositary receipts may change materially when the U.S. markets are not open for trading, which will affect the value of the depositary receipts.

Derivatives Risk. The use of derivatives (including swaps, futures, forwards, structured notes and options) may involve leverage, which includes risks that are different from, and greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in a reference asset, because a small investment in a derivative can result in a large impact on the Fund and may cause the Fund to be more volatile. Derivatives may at times be highly illiquid, and the Fund may not be able to close out or sell a derivative at a particular time or at an anticipated price. Derivatives can be difficult to value and valuation may be more difficult in times of market turmoil. There may be imperfect correlation between the derivative and that of the reference asset, resulting in unexpected returns that could materially adversely affect the Fund. Certain derivatives (such as swaps and options) are bi-lateral agreements that expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which is the risk of loss in the event that the counterparty to an agreement fails to make required payments or otherwise comply with the terms of derivative. In that case, the Fund may suffer losses potentially equal to, or greater than, the full value of the derivative if the counterparty fails to perform its obligations. That risk is generally thought to be greater with over-the-counter ("OTC") derivatives than with derivatives that are exchange traded or centrally cleared. Counterparty risks are compounded by the fact that there are only a limited number of ways available to invest in certain reference assets and, therefore, there may be few counterparties to swaps or options based on those reference assets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents Risk. The Fund may hold cash or cash equivalents. Generally, such positions offer less potential for gain than other investments. This is particularly true when the market for other investments in which the Fund may invest is rapidly rising. If the Fund holds cash uninvested it will be subject to the credit risk of the depositing institution holding the cash.

Operational and Cybersecurity Risk. The Fund, Krane, its service providers and your ability to transact with the Fund may be negatively impacted due to operational matters arising from, among other problems, human errors, systems and technology disruptions or failures, or cybersecurity incidents. Cybersecurity incidents may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to fund assets, customer data, or proprietary information, or cause the Fund or its service providers, as well as the securities trading venues and their service provides, to suffer data corruption or lose operational functionality. It is not possible for Krane or the other Fund service providers to identify all of the cybersecurity or other operational risks that may affect the Fund or to develop processes and controls to completely eliminate or mitigate their occurrence or effects.

Performance Information

Once the Fund has completed a full calendar year of operations, a bar chart and table will be included in this Prospectus that will provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing the variability of the Fund's return based on net assets and comparing the variability of the Fund's return to a broad measure of market performance. Once available, the Fund's current performance information will be available at *www.kraneshares.com*. Past performance does not necessarily indicate how the Fund will perform in the future.

Management

Investment Adviser and Sub-Adviser

Krane Funds Advisors, LLC ("Krane" or "Adviser") serves as the investment adviser to the Fund. Etna Capital Management Company Ltd serves as the investment sub-adviser to the Fund.

Portfolio Managers

James Maund, Head of Capital Markets at the Adviser, has served as the lead portfolio manager of the Fund since the Fund's inception. Jonathan Shelon, Chief Operating Officer of the Adviser, supports Krane's investment team for the Fund and also has been a portfolio manager of the Fund since the Fund's inception.

Solomon Bier, a Portfolio Manager and Partner of the Sub-Adviser, has served as a portfolio manager of the Fund since the Fund's inception. Max Chen, a Portfolio Manager and Executive Director of the Sub-Adviser, has served as a portfolio manager of the Fund since the Fund's inception.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Shares may be purchased and redeemed from the Fund only in a large specified number of Shares each called a "Creation Unit," or multiples thereof. As a practical matter, only institutions and large investors, such as market makers or other large broker-dealers, purchase or redeem Creation Units. Most investors will buy and sell shares of the Fund on the Exchange. Individual shares can be bought and sold throughout the trading day like other publicly traded securities through a broker-dealer on the Exchange. These transactions do not involve the Fund. The price of an individual Fund share is based on market prices, which may be different from its NAV. As a result, the Fund's shares may trade at a price greater than the NAV (at a premium) or less than the NAV (at a discount). An investor may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase shares of the Fund (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for shares of the Fund (ask) when buying or selling shares in the secondary market (the "bid-ask spread"). Most investors will incur customary brokerage commissions and charges when buying or selling shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer.

Recent information regarding the Fund, including its NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid ask spreads, are available on the Fund's website at *www.kraneshares.com*.

Tax Information

Fund distributions are generally taxable as ordinary income, qualified dividend income or capital gains (or a combination), unless your investment is in an IRA or other tax-advantaged retirement account, which may be taxable upon withdrawal.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase Fund shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your sales person to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your sales person or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.